

# Lamoille River Modeling and Alternatives Analysis

Hardwick Flood Mitigation

SLRCONSULTING.COM

December 3, 2025





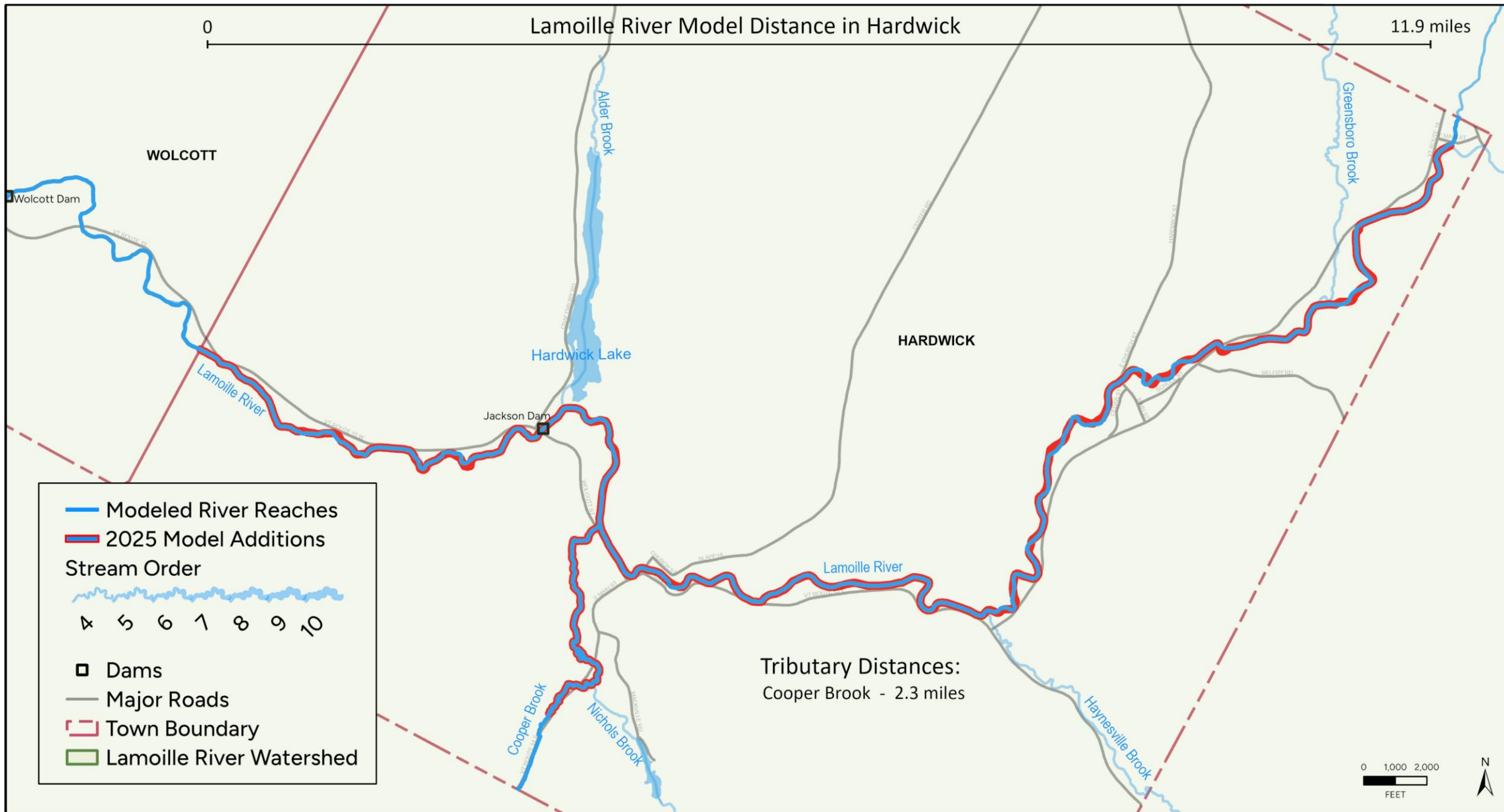
# Agenda

- Model Extent
- Data Sources
- Types of Results
- Model Accuracy
- Existing Results
- Alternative Analysis





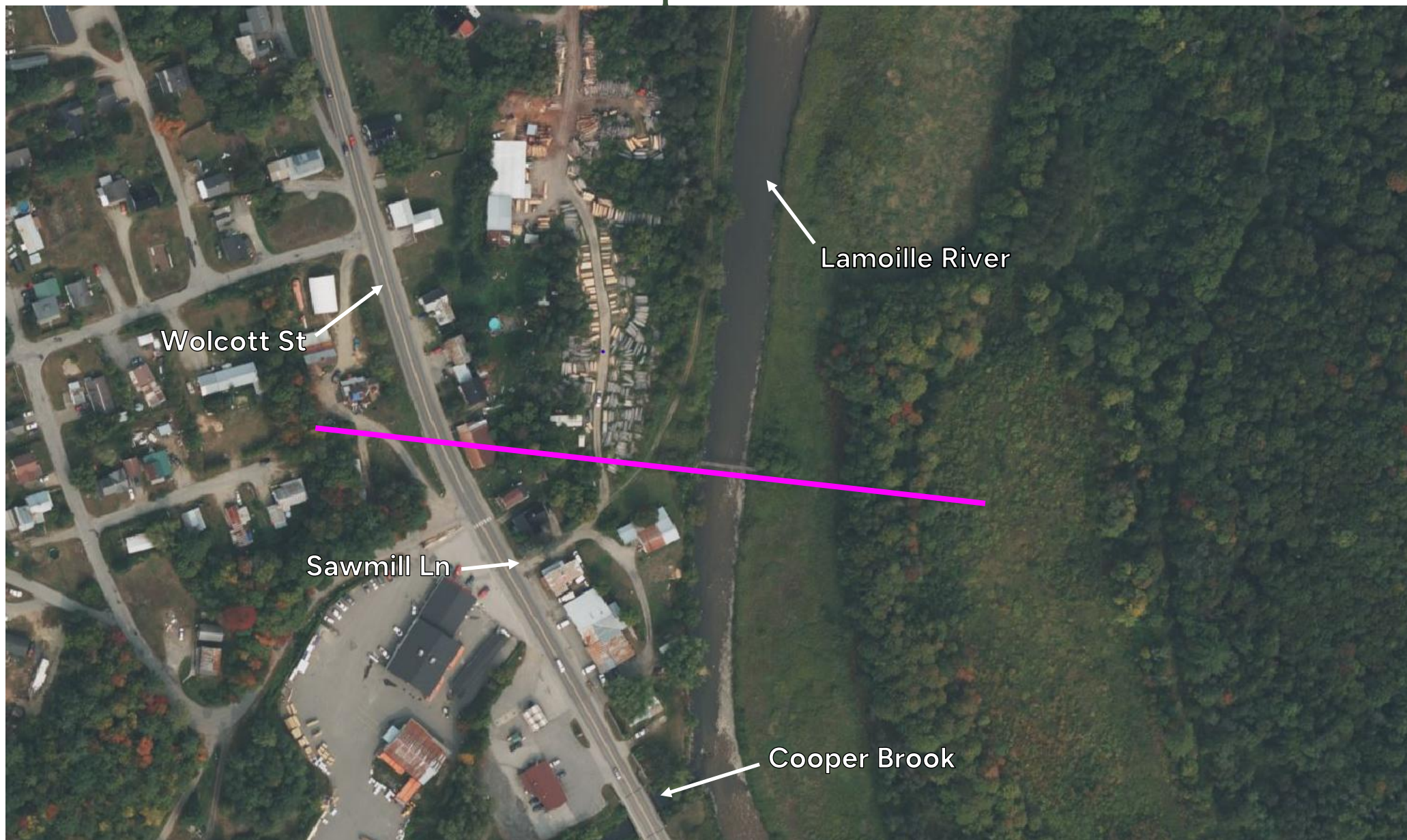








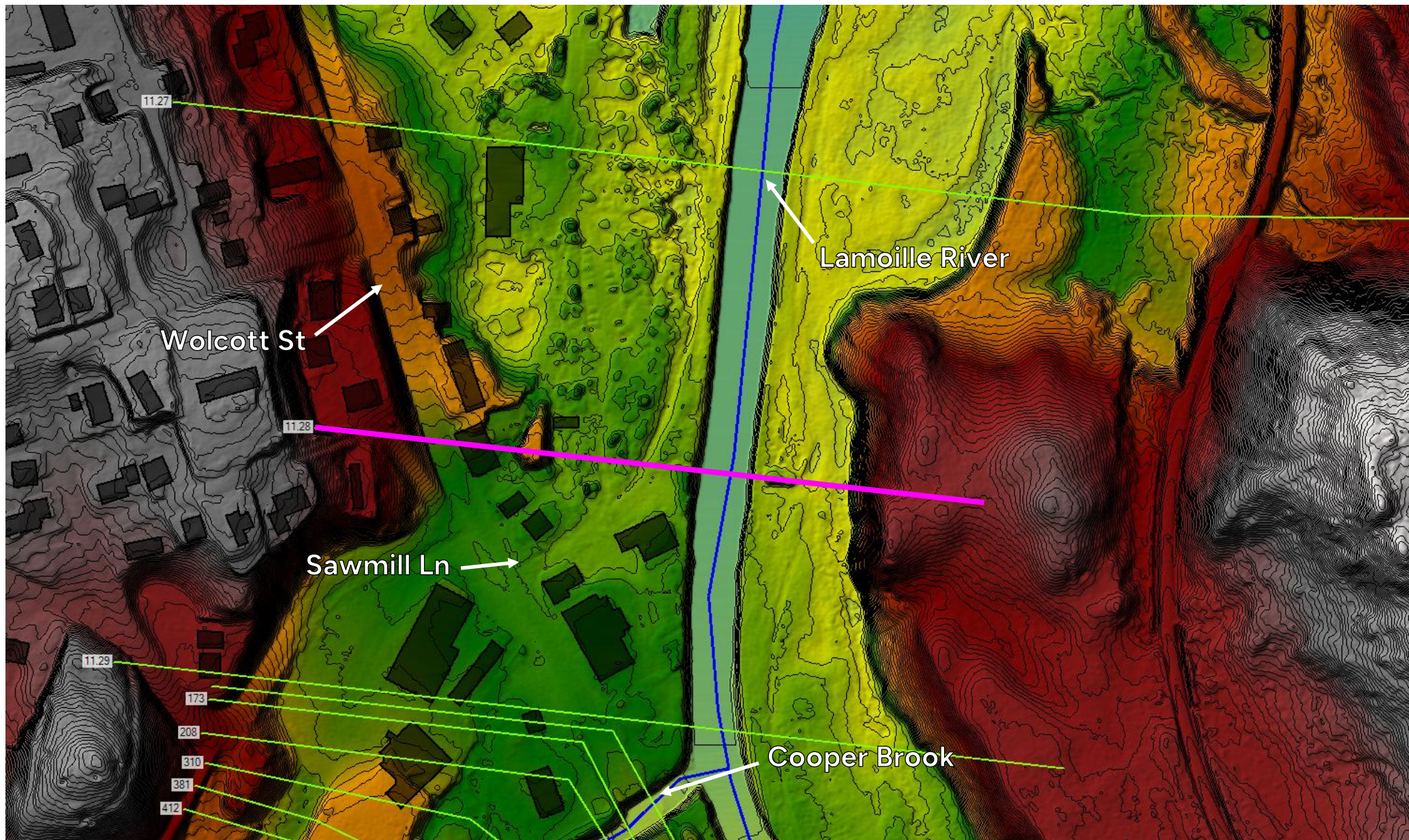
# Map View



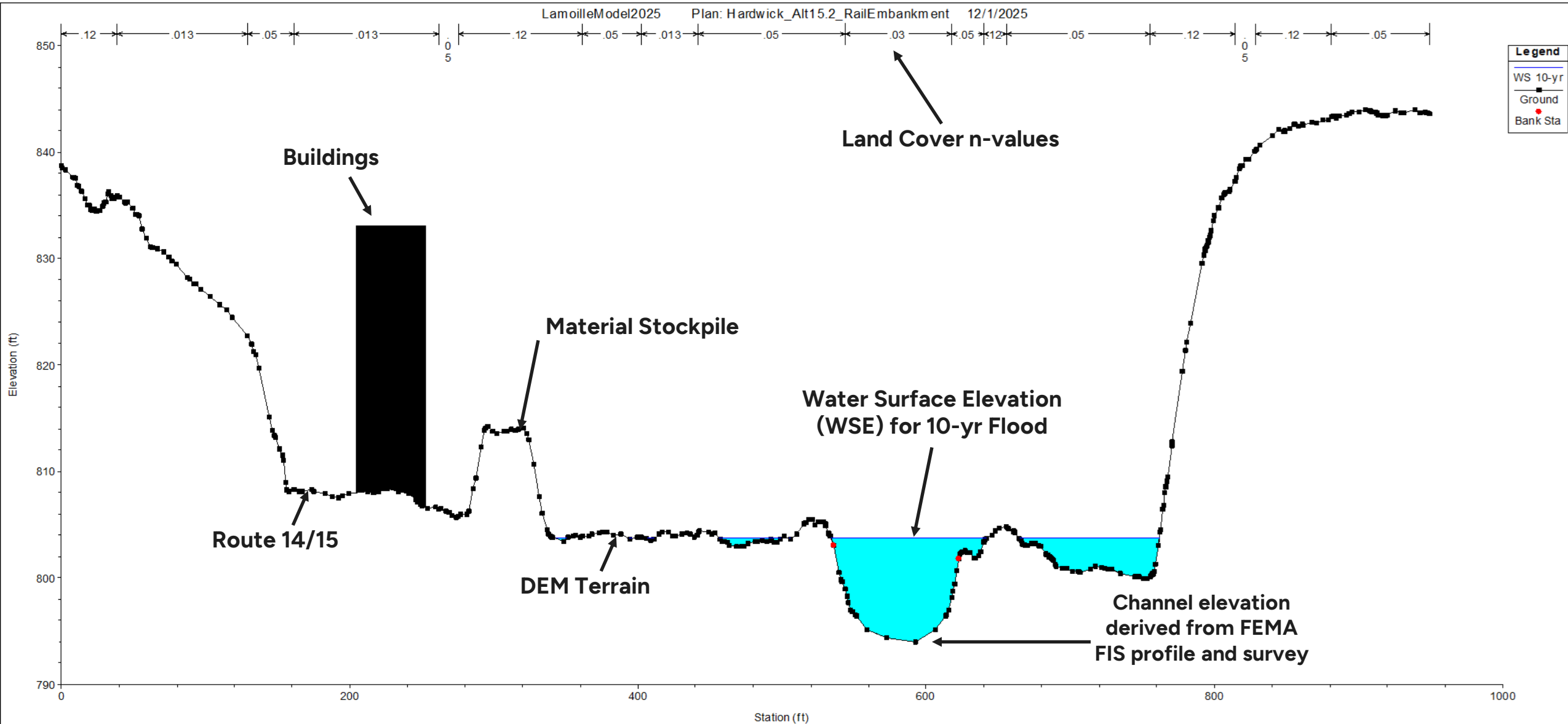




# Model Terrain



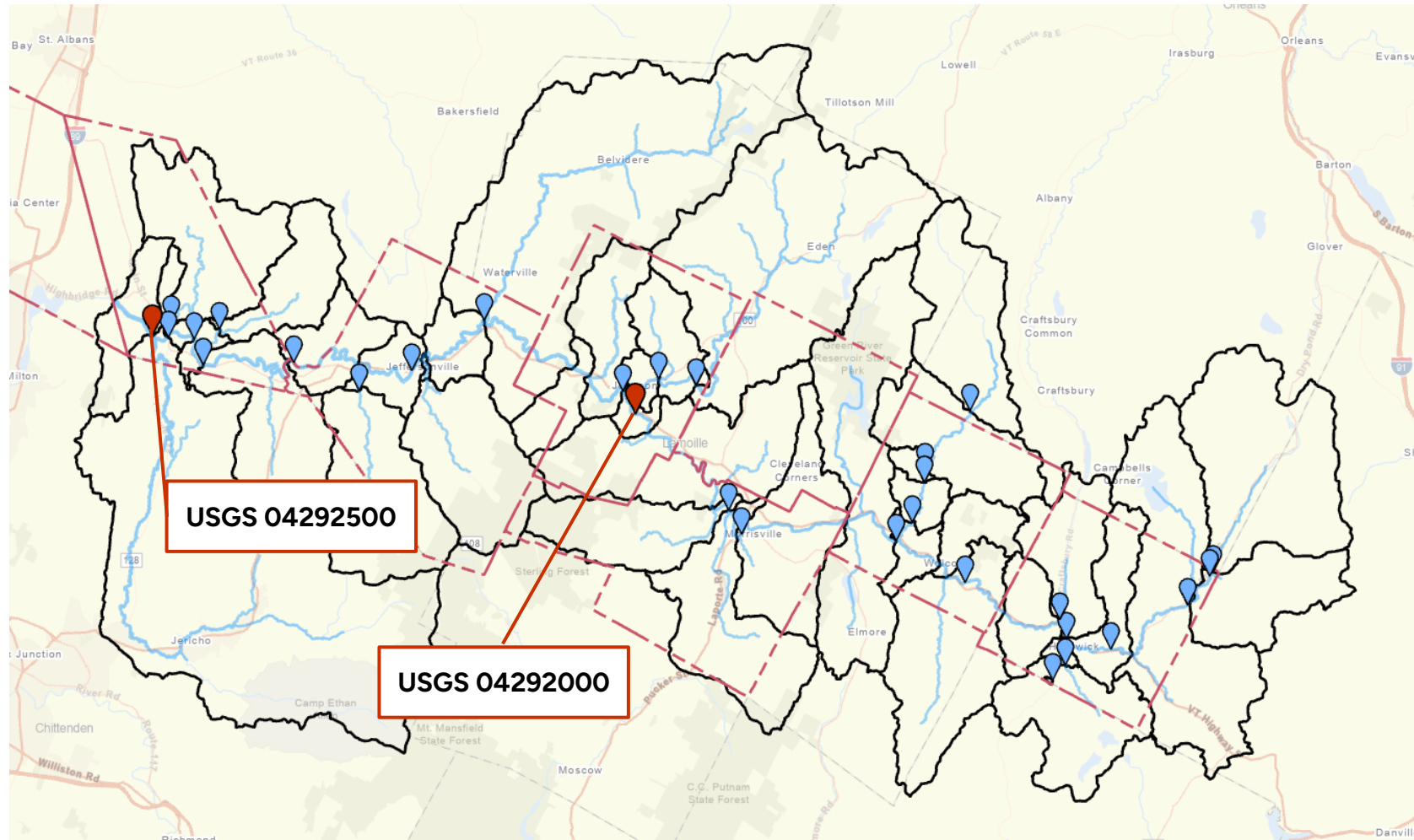






# Flood Flows

- Used draft updated FEMA flood flows (July 2025).
- Flows were estimated in areas without FEMA flows
  - FEMA flow trend lines
  - Scaled flows by drainage area

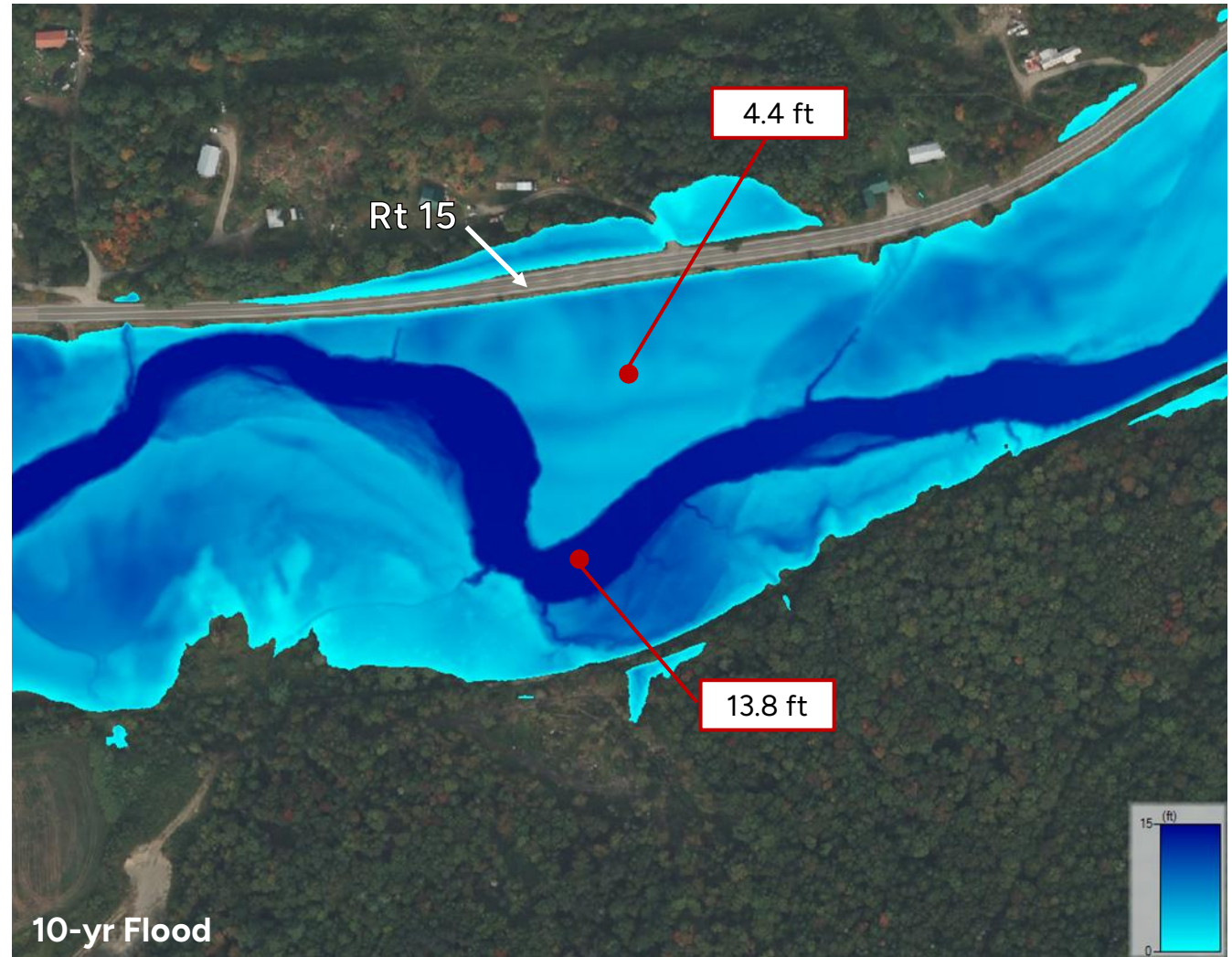




# What can the model tell us?



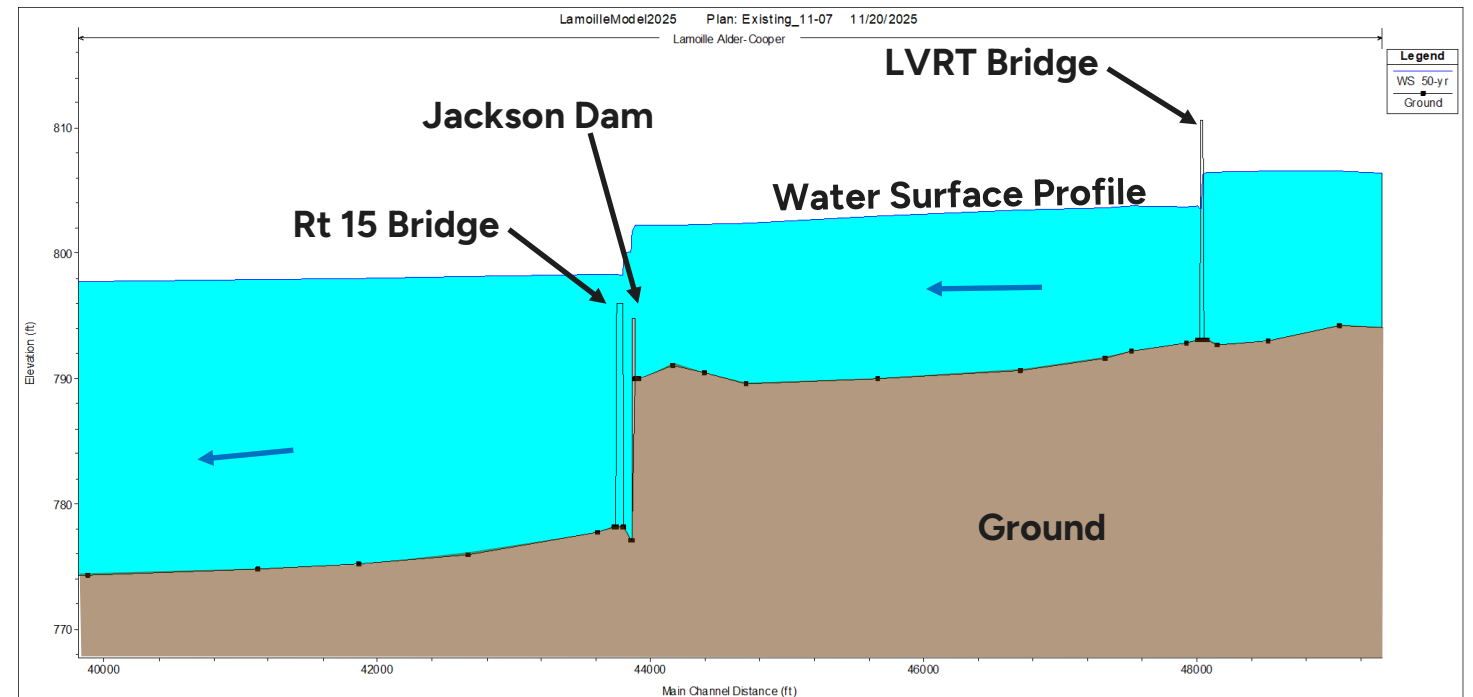
- Water Surface Elevation
- Floodplain Mapping
- **Flow Characteristics**
  - Velocity
  - **Depth**
- Channel and Water profiles
- Dam, Bridge, and Culvert Impacts
  - Backwatering
  - Overtopping
  - Scour



# What can the model tell us?



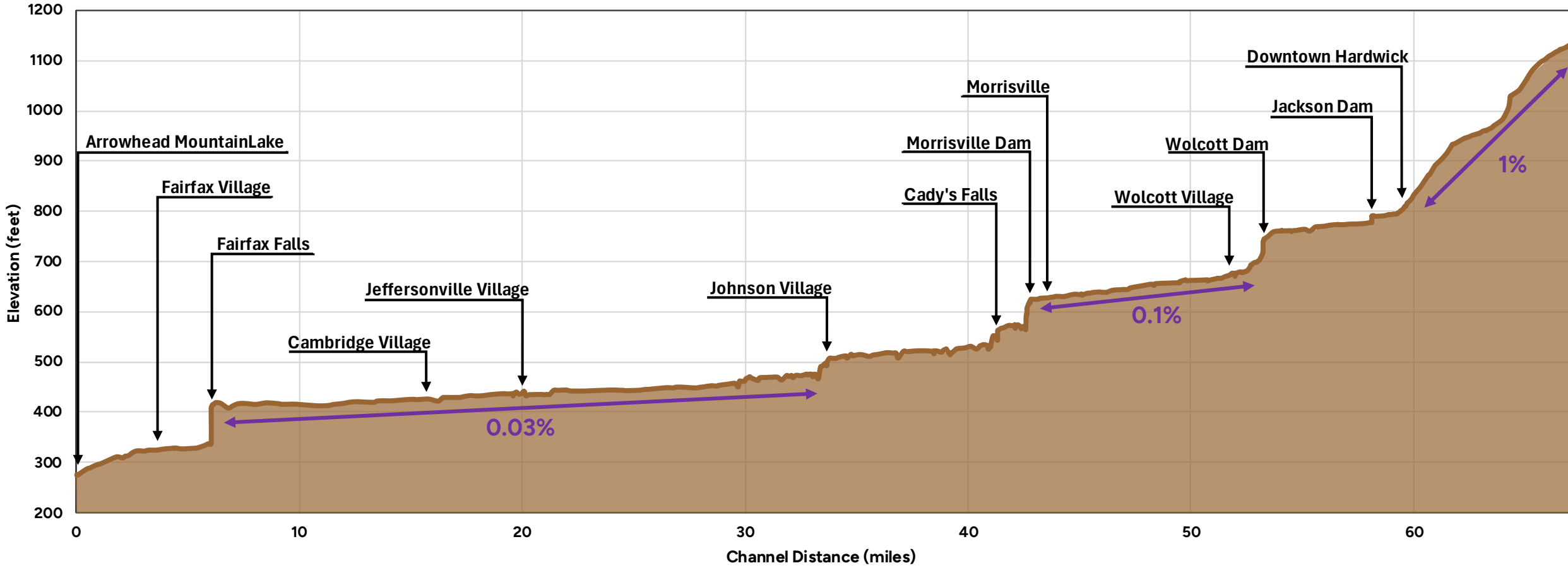
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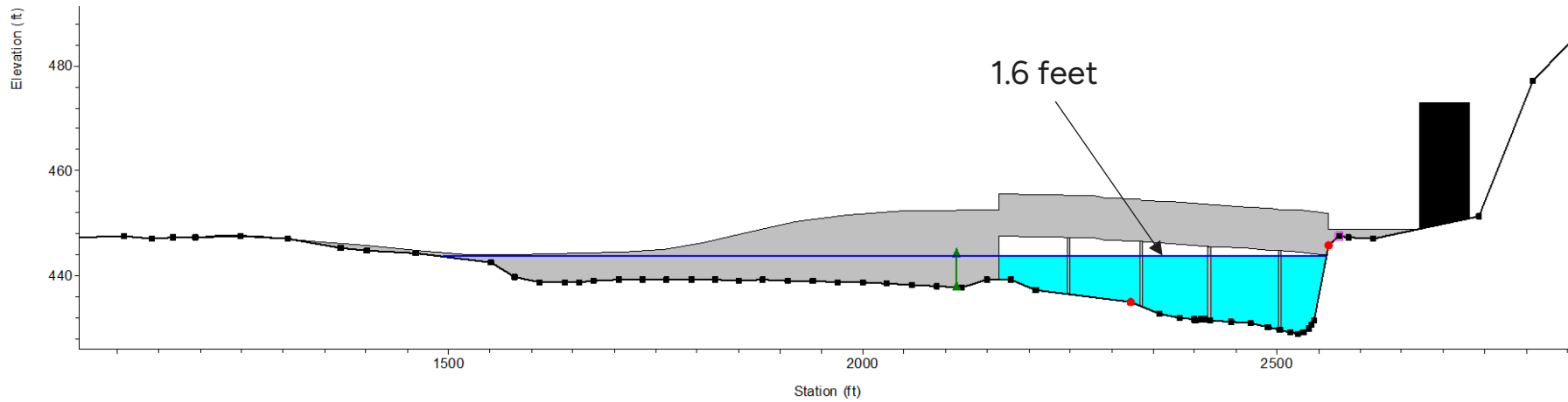




# Lamoille River Long Profile

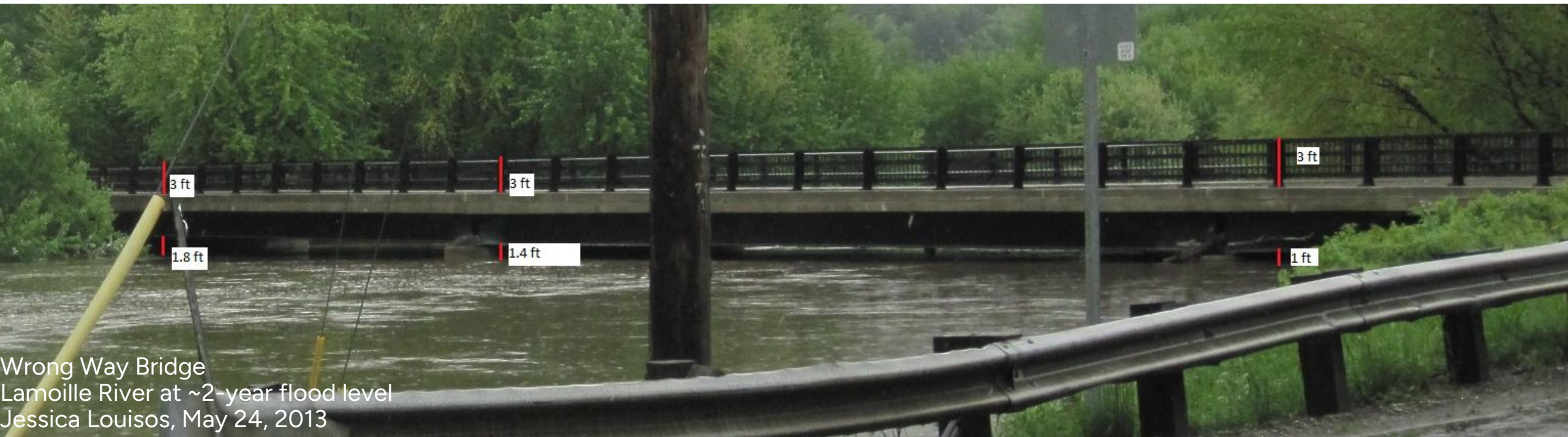


# How Accurate is it?



**Calibration / Validation:**

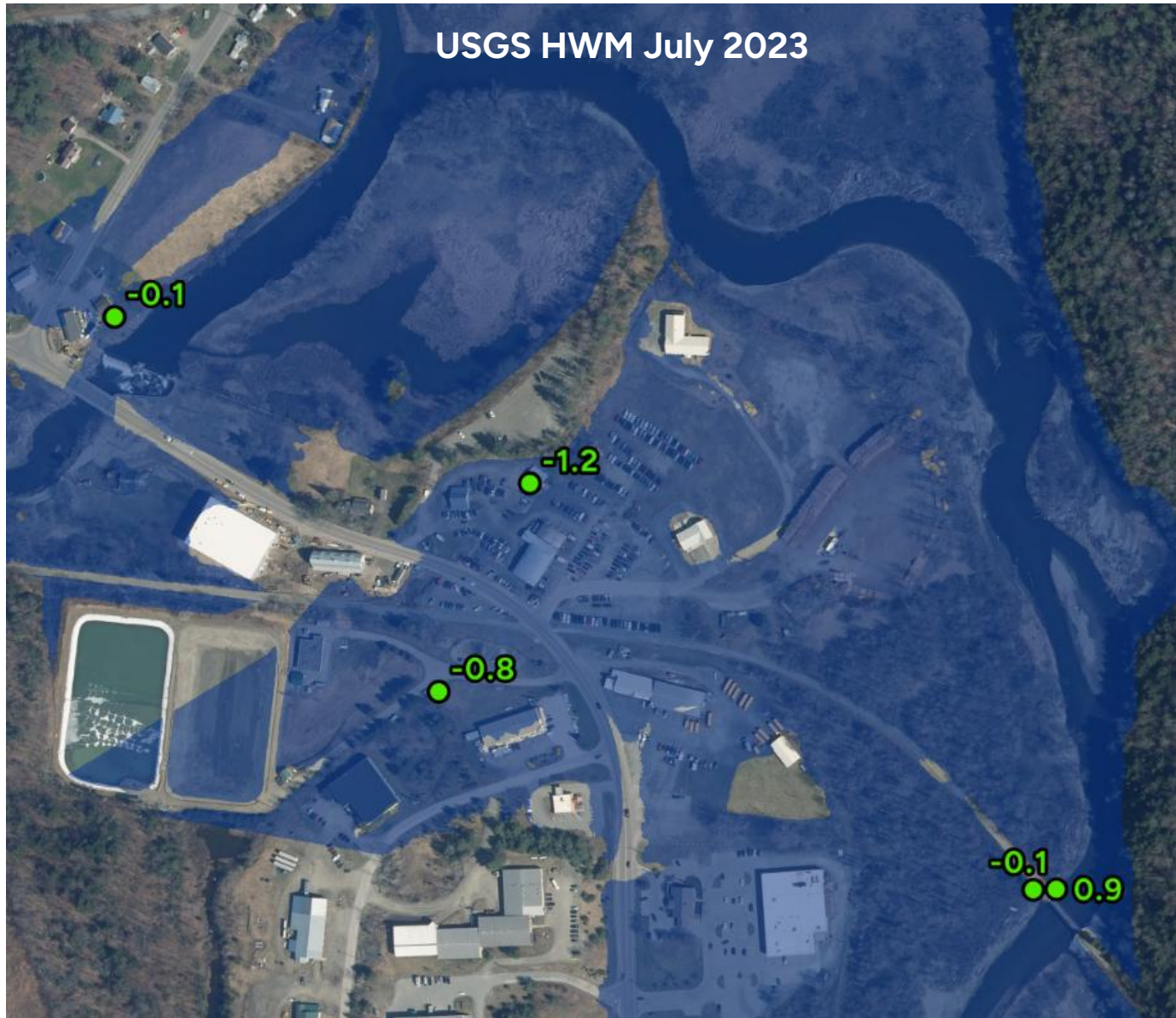
■ Flooding Photos



Wrong Way Bridge  
Lamolle River at ~2-year flood level  
Jessica Louisos, May 24, 2013



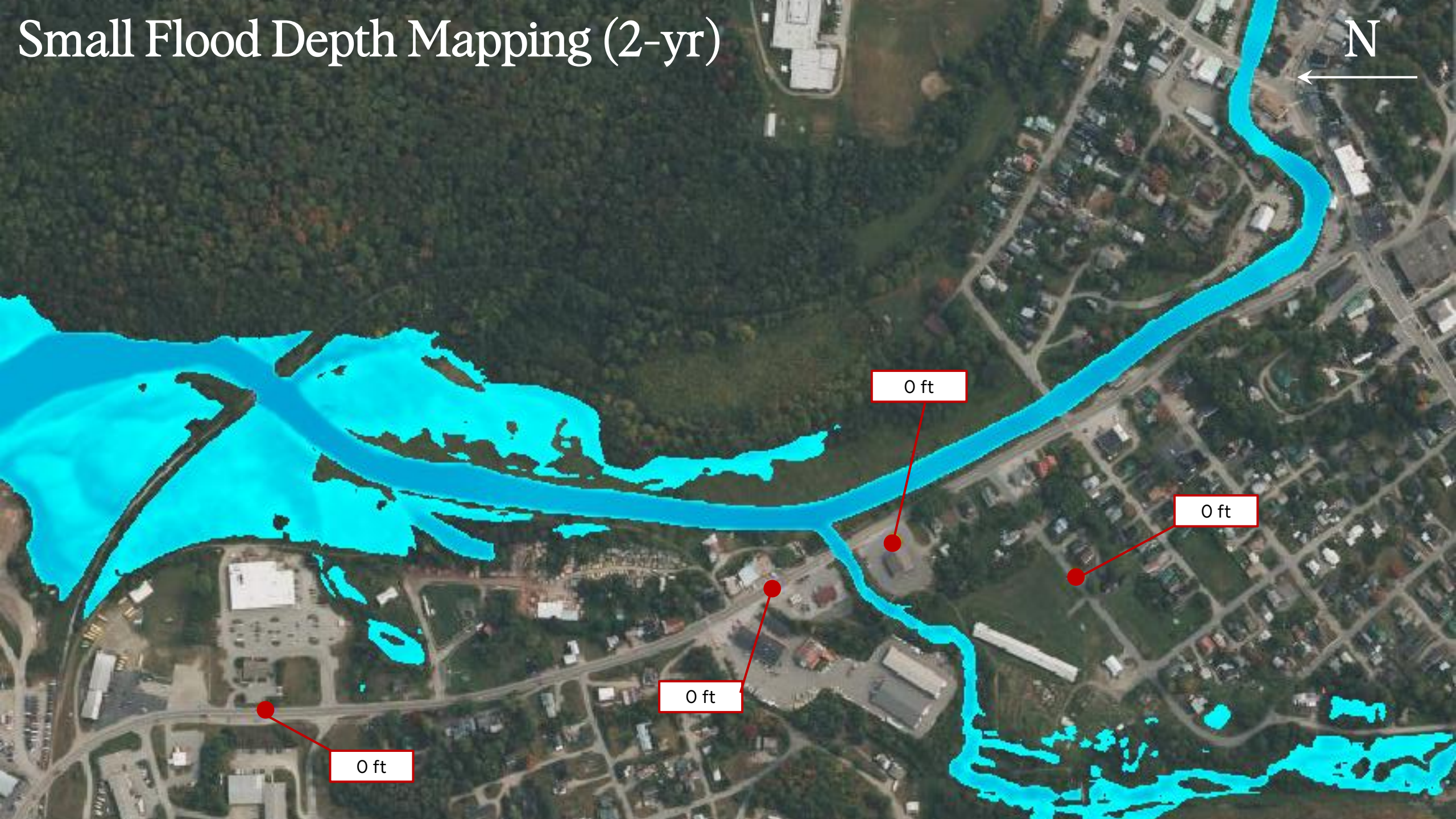
# How Accurate is it?



## Calibration / Validation:

- High Water Marks (HWMs)
- Accuracy is within 1 ft
- Good for comparing alternatives





# Small Flood Depth Mapping (2-yr)

N

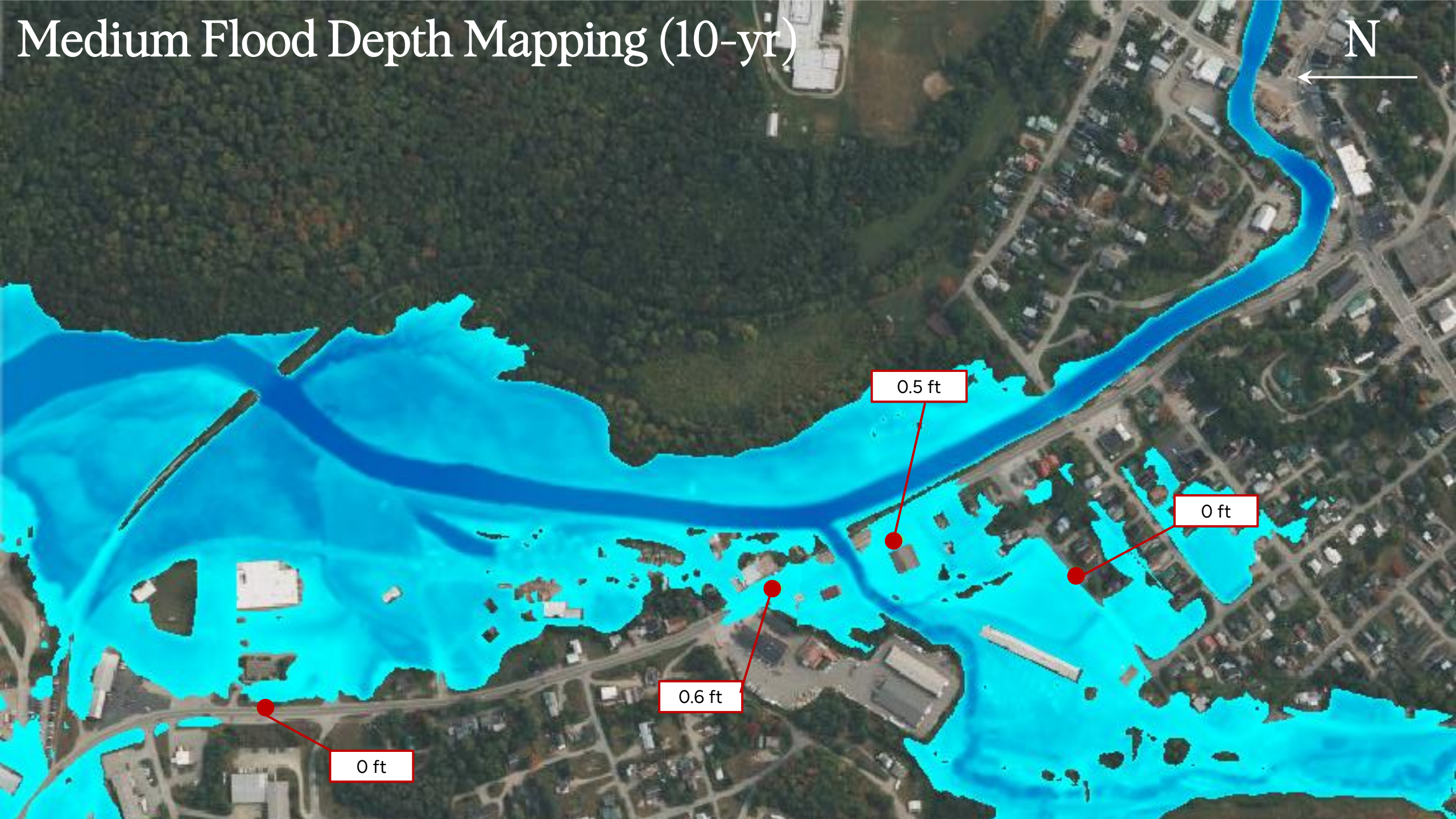
0 ft

0 ft

0 ft

0 ft





# Medium Flood Depth Mapping (10-yr)

N

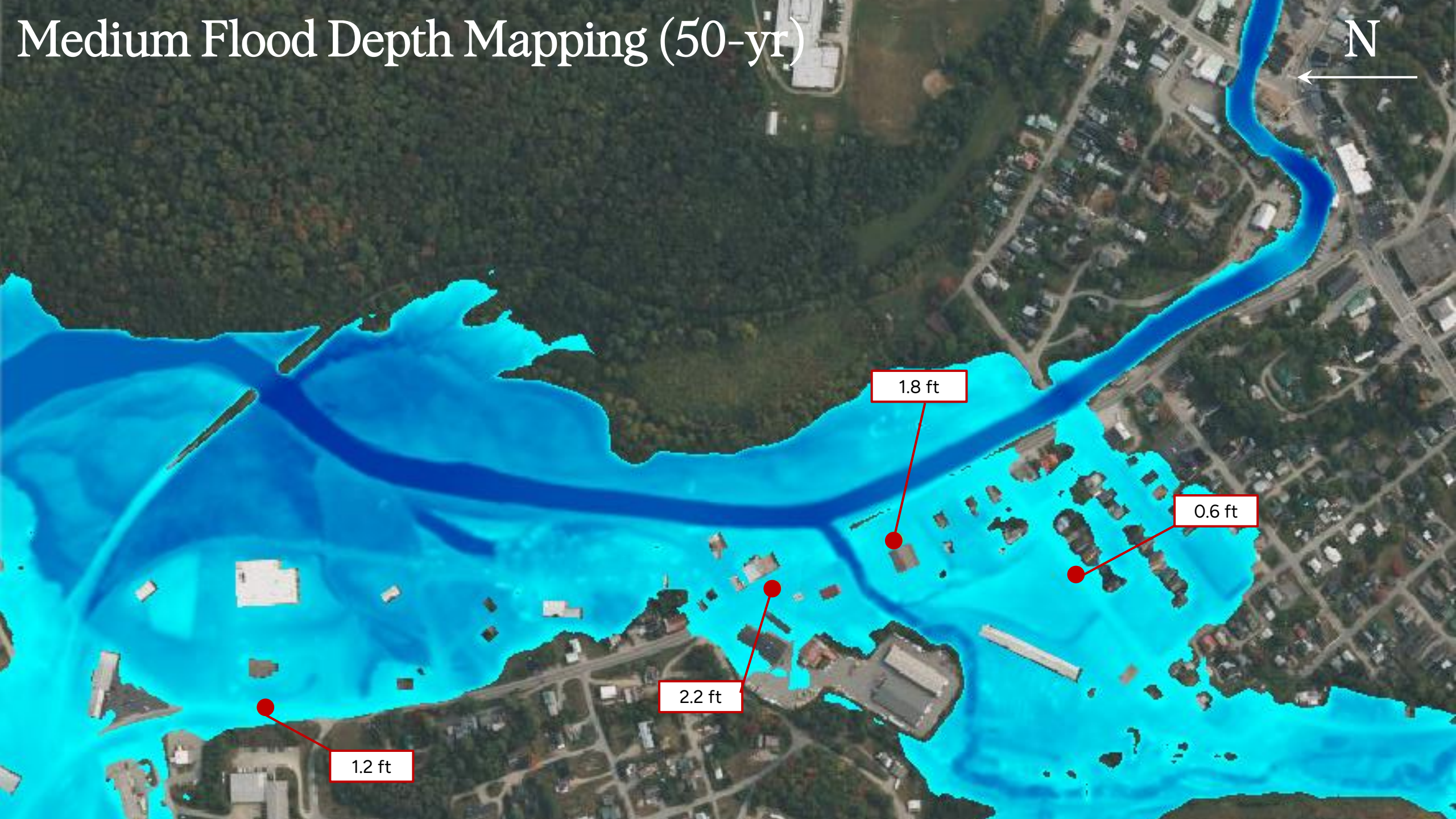
0.5 ft

0 ft

0.6 ft

0 ft





# Medium Flood Depth Mapping (50-yr)

N

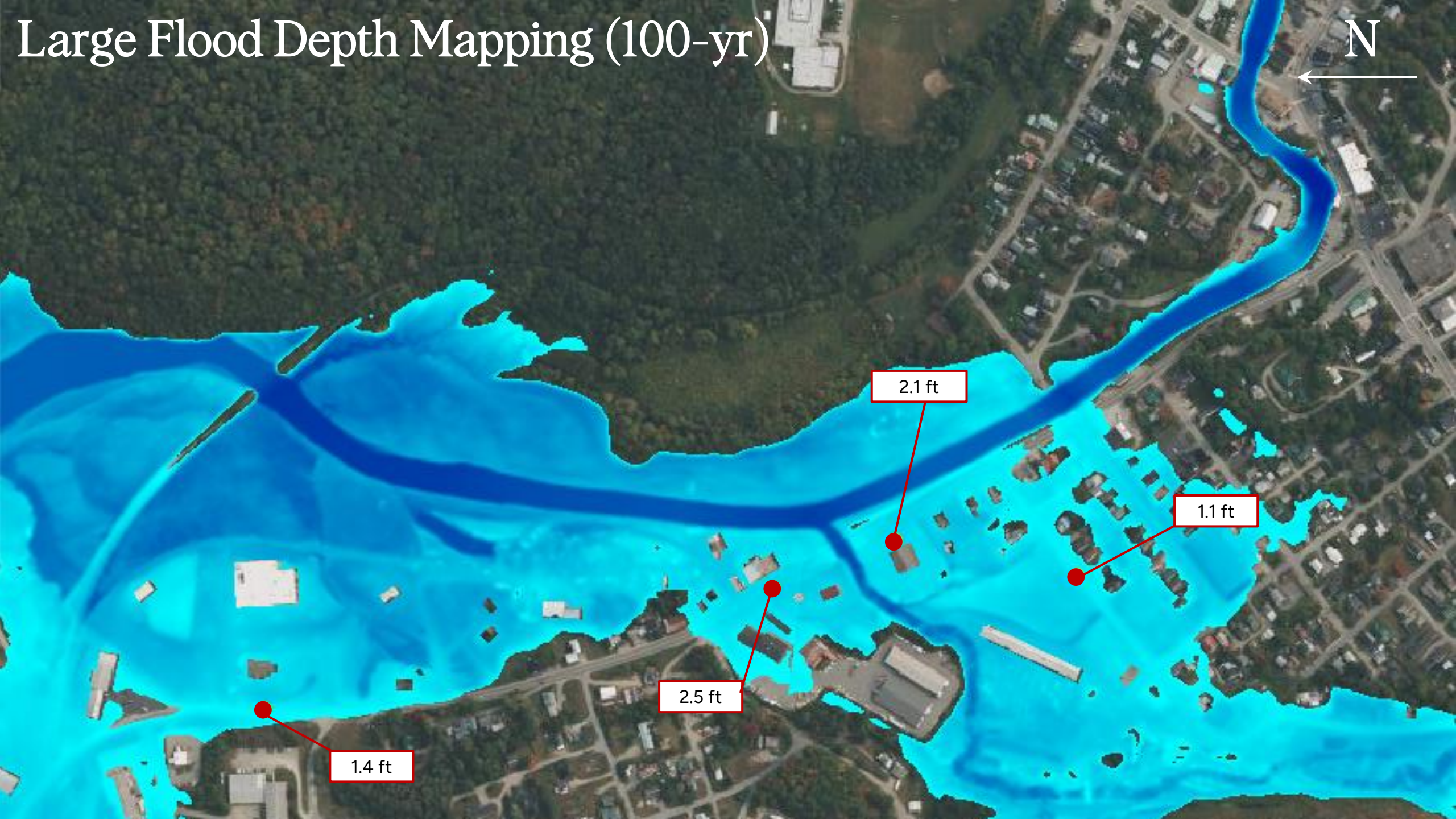
1.8 ft

0.6 ft

2.2 ft

1.2 ft





# Large Flood Depth Mapping (100-yr)

N

2.1 ft

1.1 ft

2.5 ft

1.4 ft



# Types of Flood Mitigation Alternatives



## Constriction Reduction

- Widen bridges, culverts, or other structures
- Remove fill or buildings

## Floodplain Reconnection

- Lower floodplain
- Remove berm
- Elevate channel
- Buyouts

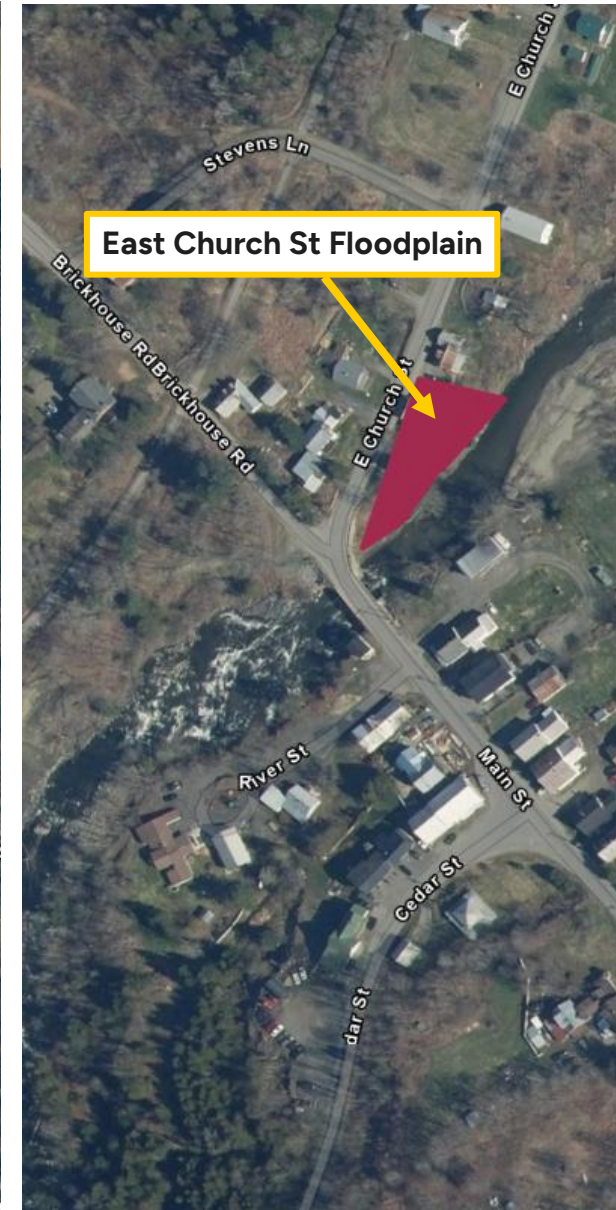
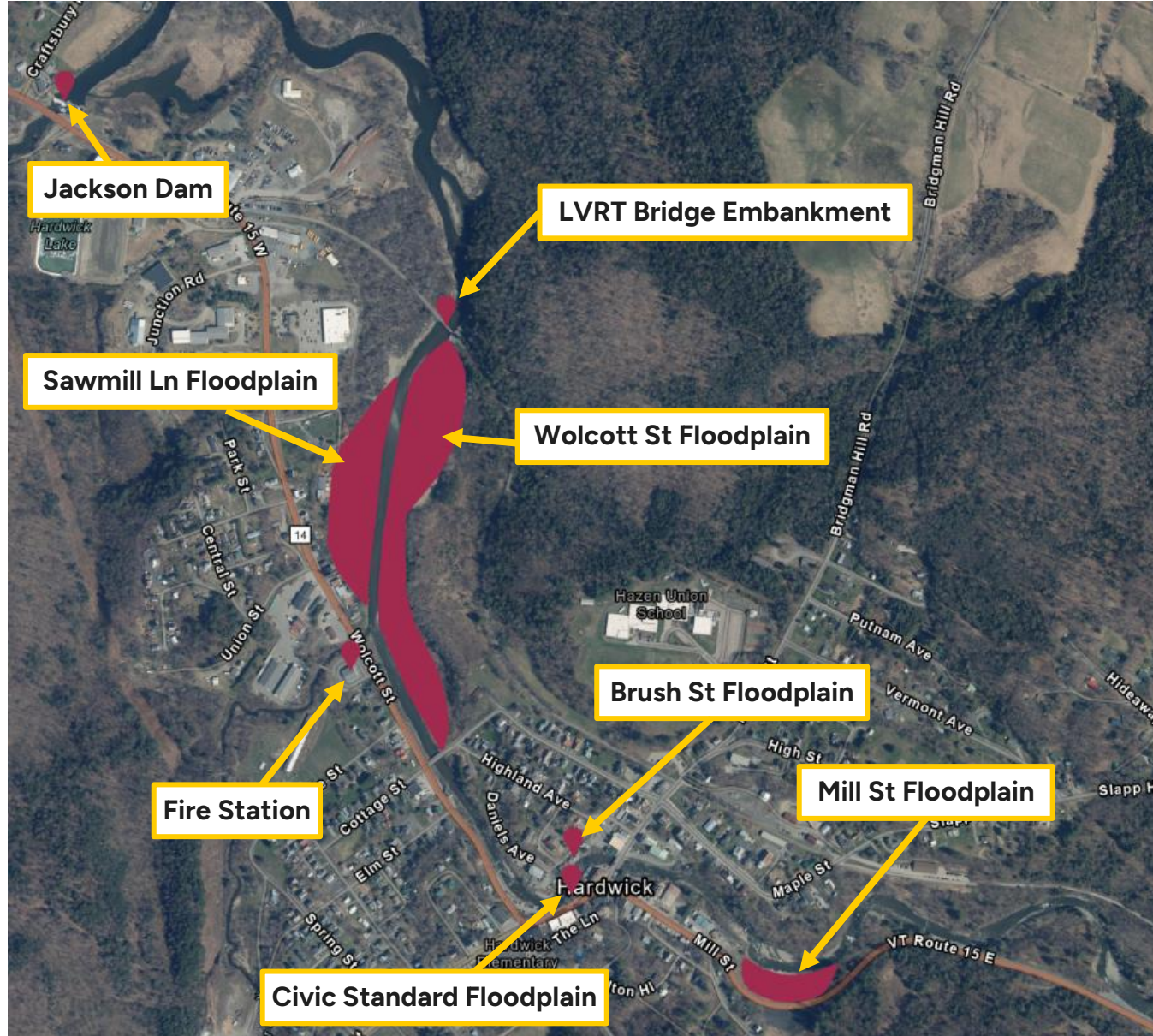
## Infrastructure Protection

- WWTP and utilities
- Roads
- Buildings





# Potential Flood Mitigation Alternatives in Hardwick





# East Church Street Bridge and Floodplain



## Problems

- Buyouts
- Erosion

## Possible Solutions

- Bridge Replacement
- Floodplain restoration
- Slope stabilization





# East Church Street Bridge and Floodplain

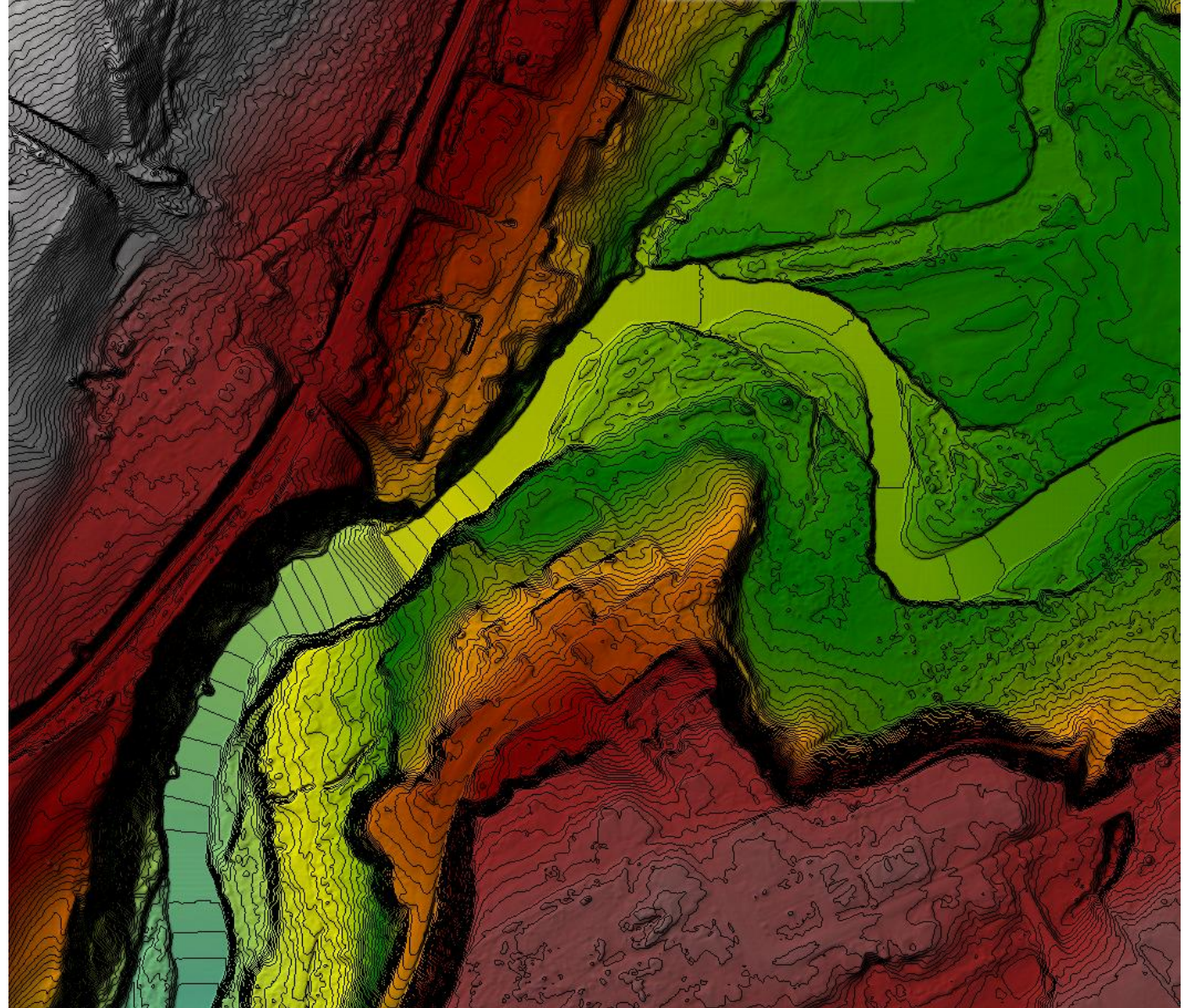


## Problems

- Buyouts
- Erosion

## Possible Solutions

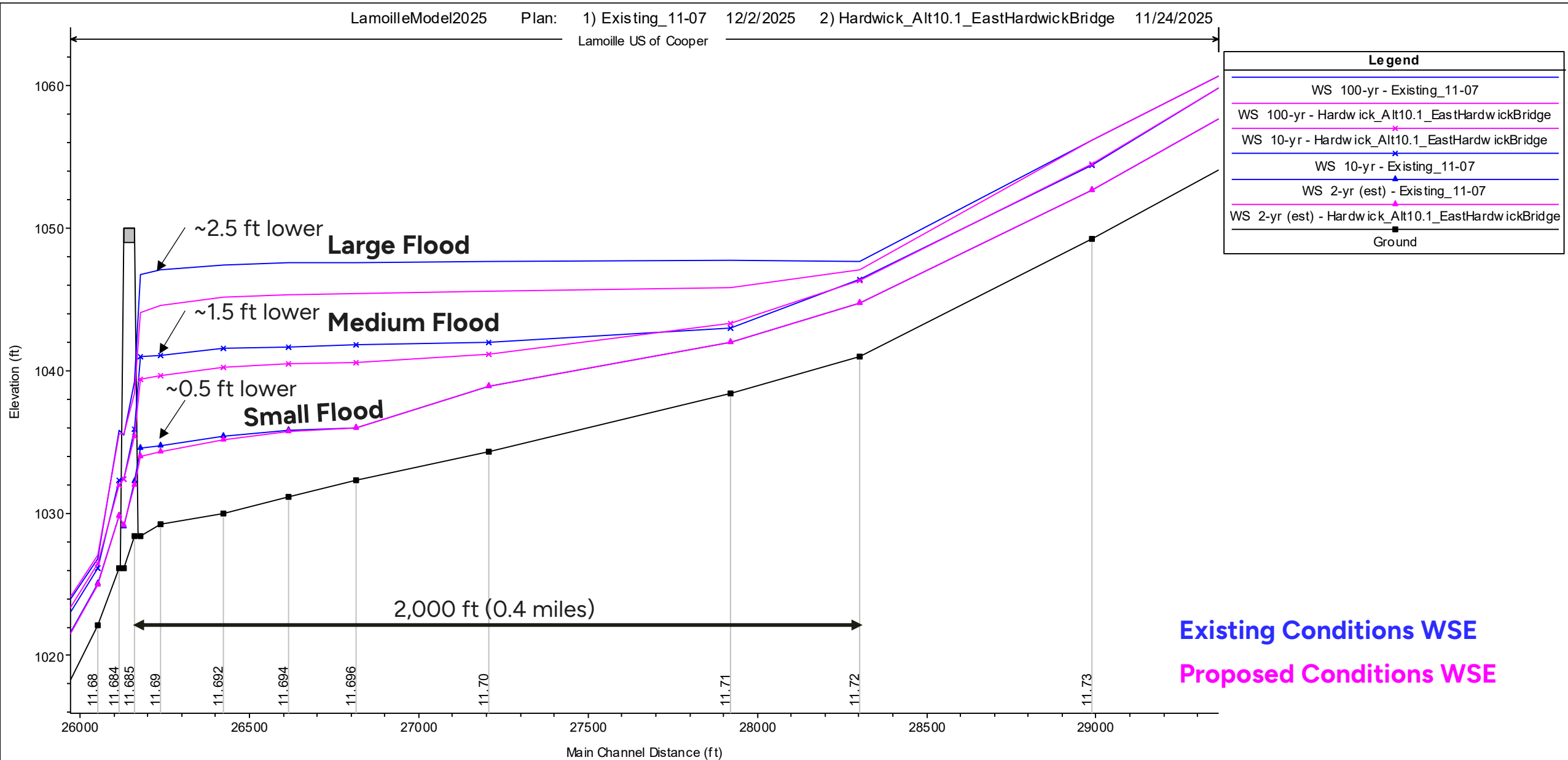
- Bridge Replacement
- Floodplain restoration
- Slope stabilization







# Results – Lamoille River Profile





# Mill Street Floodplain



## Problems

- Eroding bank
- Buyout

## Possible Solutions

- Slope stabilization/bank armoring
- Floodplain restoration
  - Space for Debris and Ice Shedding





# Mill Street Floodplain

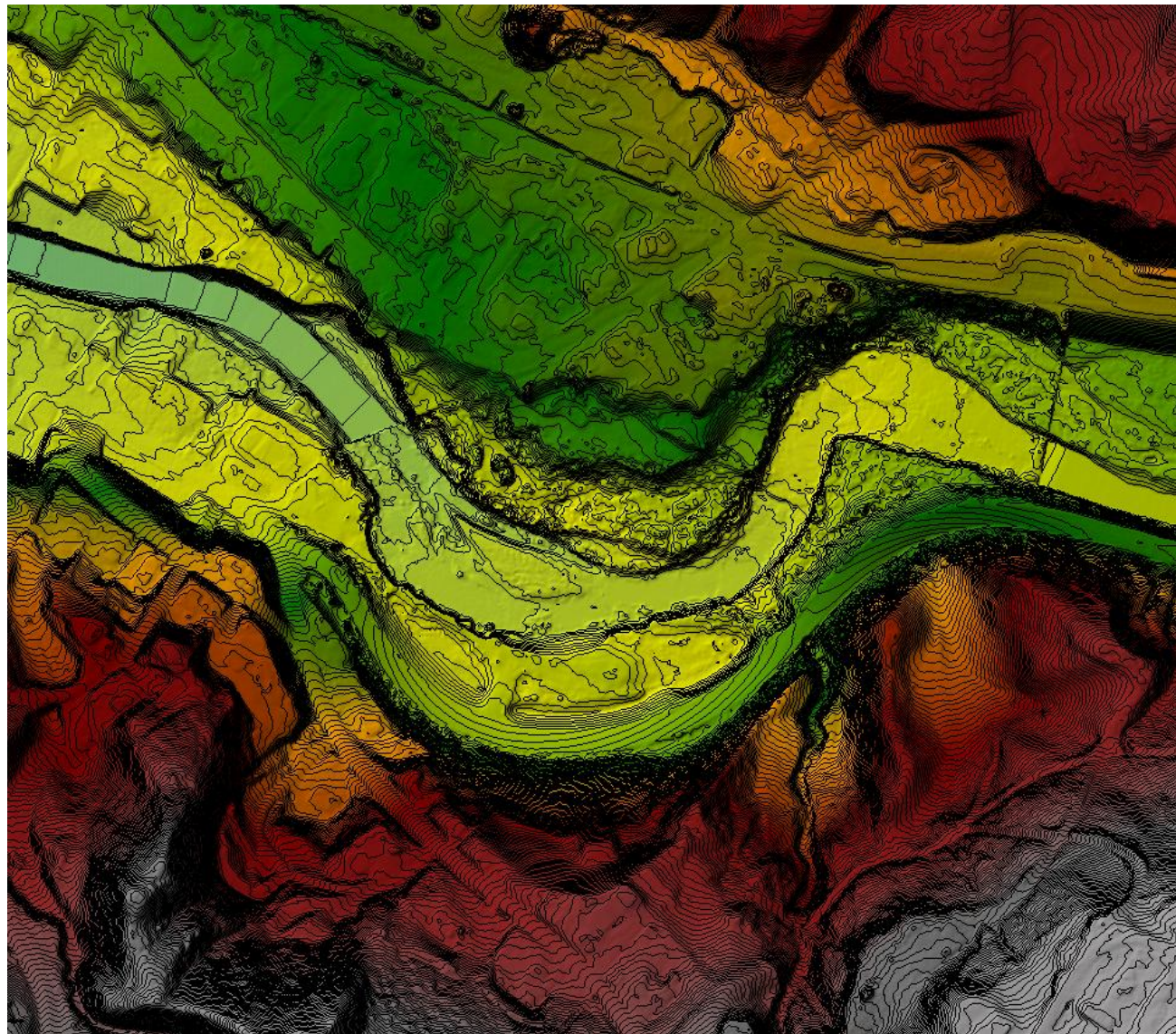


## Problems

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- Slope stabilization/bank armoring
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  - Space for Debris and Ice Shedding

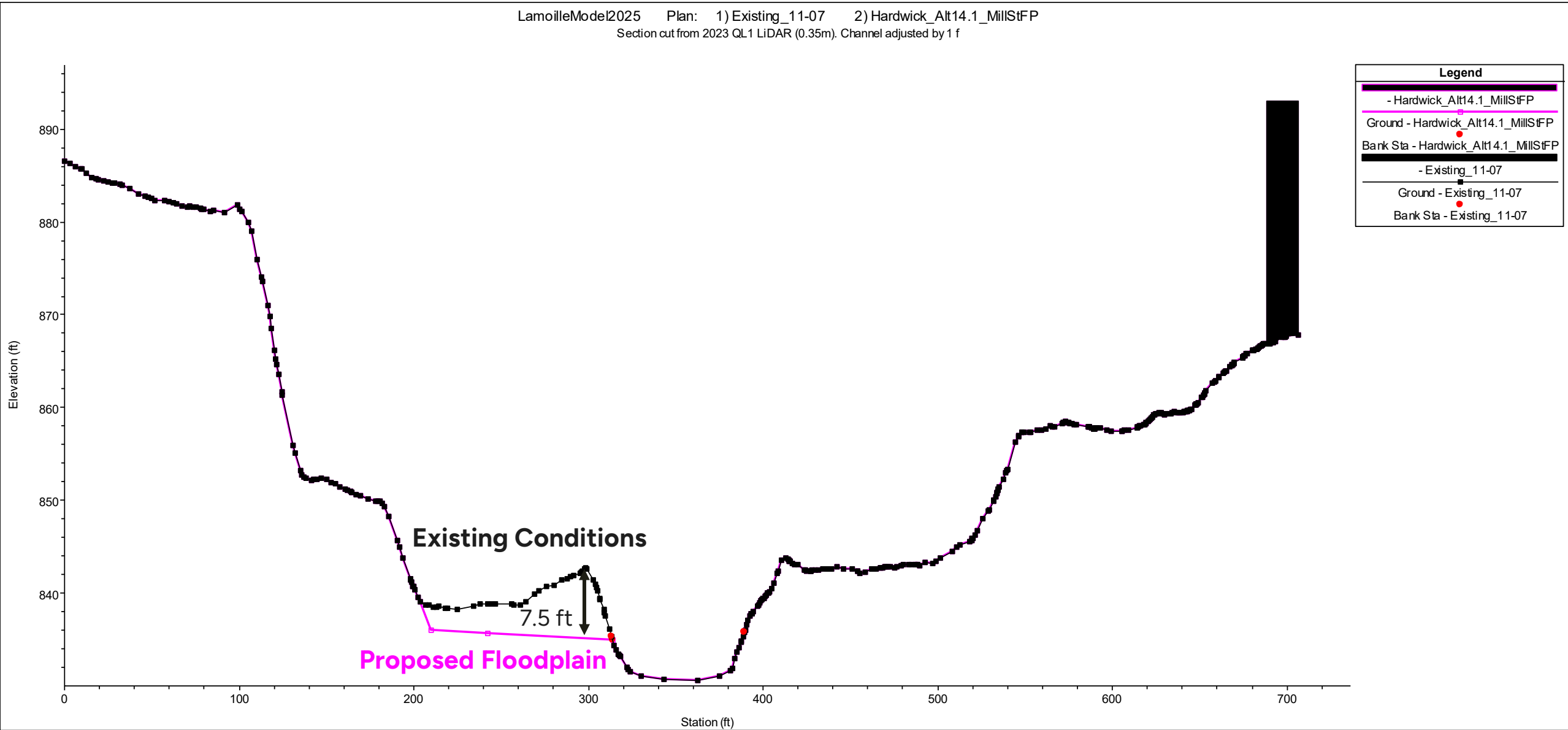




# Cross Section View – Existing and Proposed

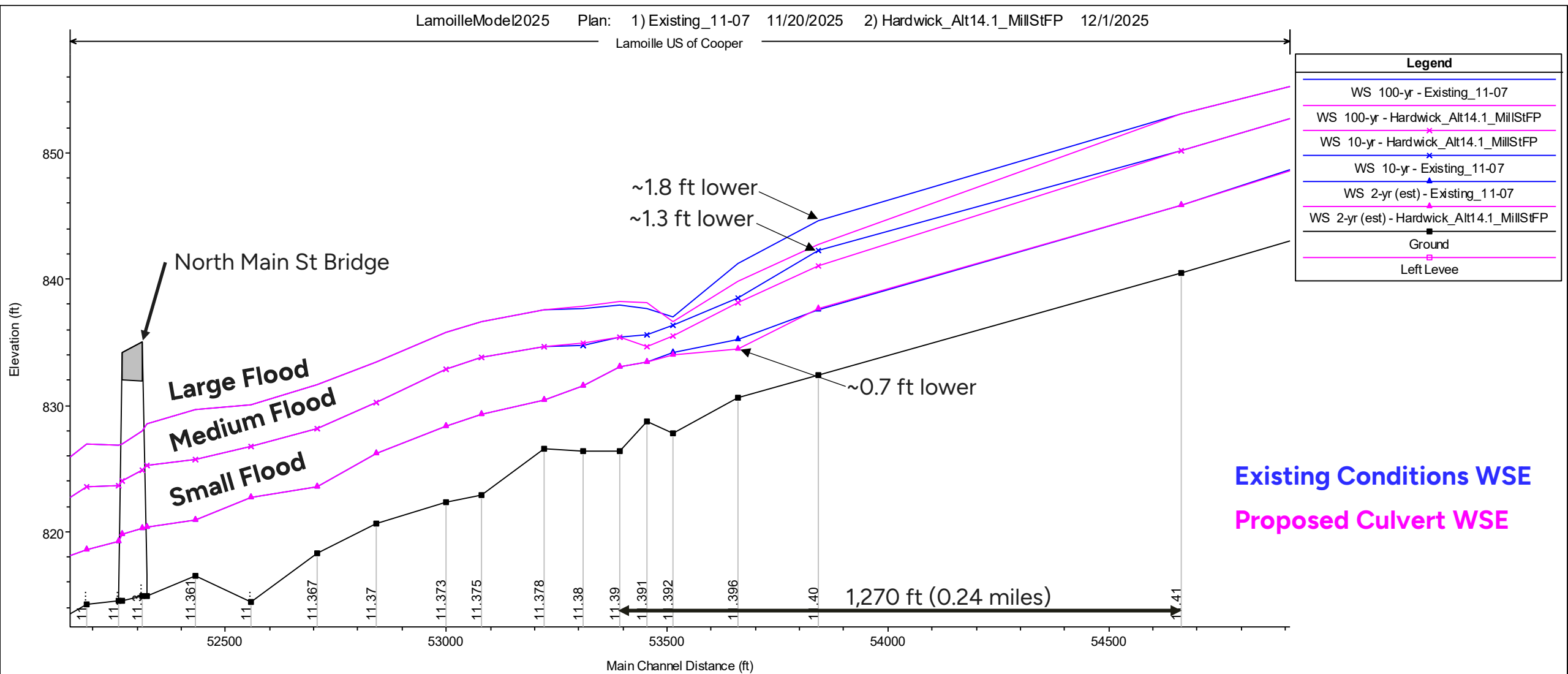


LamoilleModel2025    Plan:   1) Existing\_11-07    2) Hardwick\_Alt14.1\_MiISfP  
Section cut from 2023 QL1 LiDAR (0.35m). Channel adjusted by 1 f





# Results – Lamoille River Profile







Existing  
100-yr Depth Mapping





# Proposed 100-yr Depth Mapping

Note: Velocities decrease 1.0 – 5.0 ft/s  
through project area



# Downtown Floodplains - Buyouts

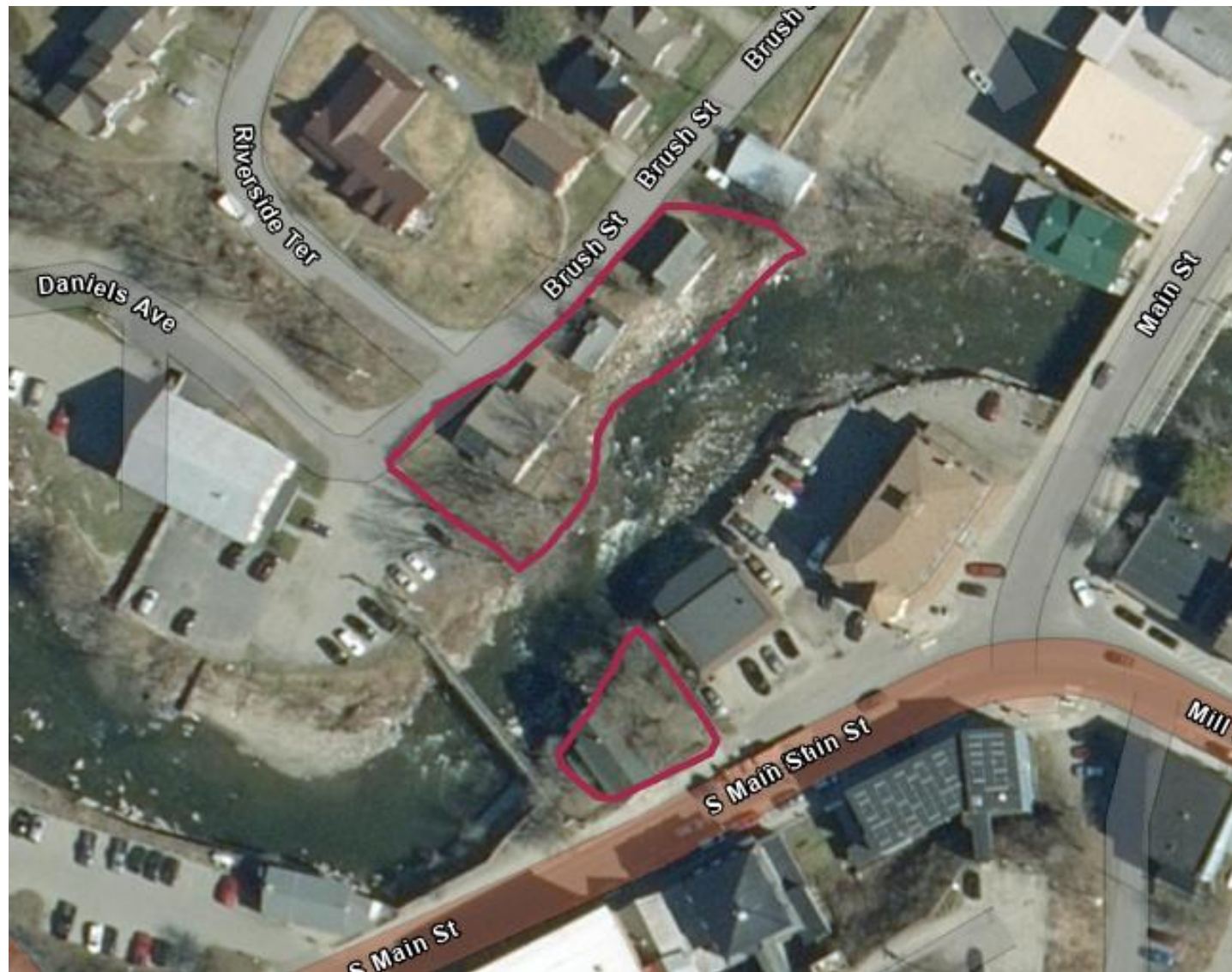


## Problems

- Eroding banks
- Potential Buyouts

## Possible Solutions

- Slope stabilization/bank armoring
- Floodplain restoration





# Downtown Floodplains - Buyouts

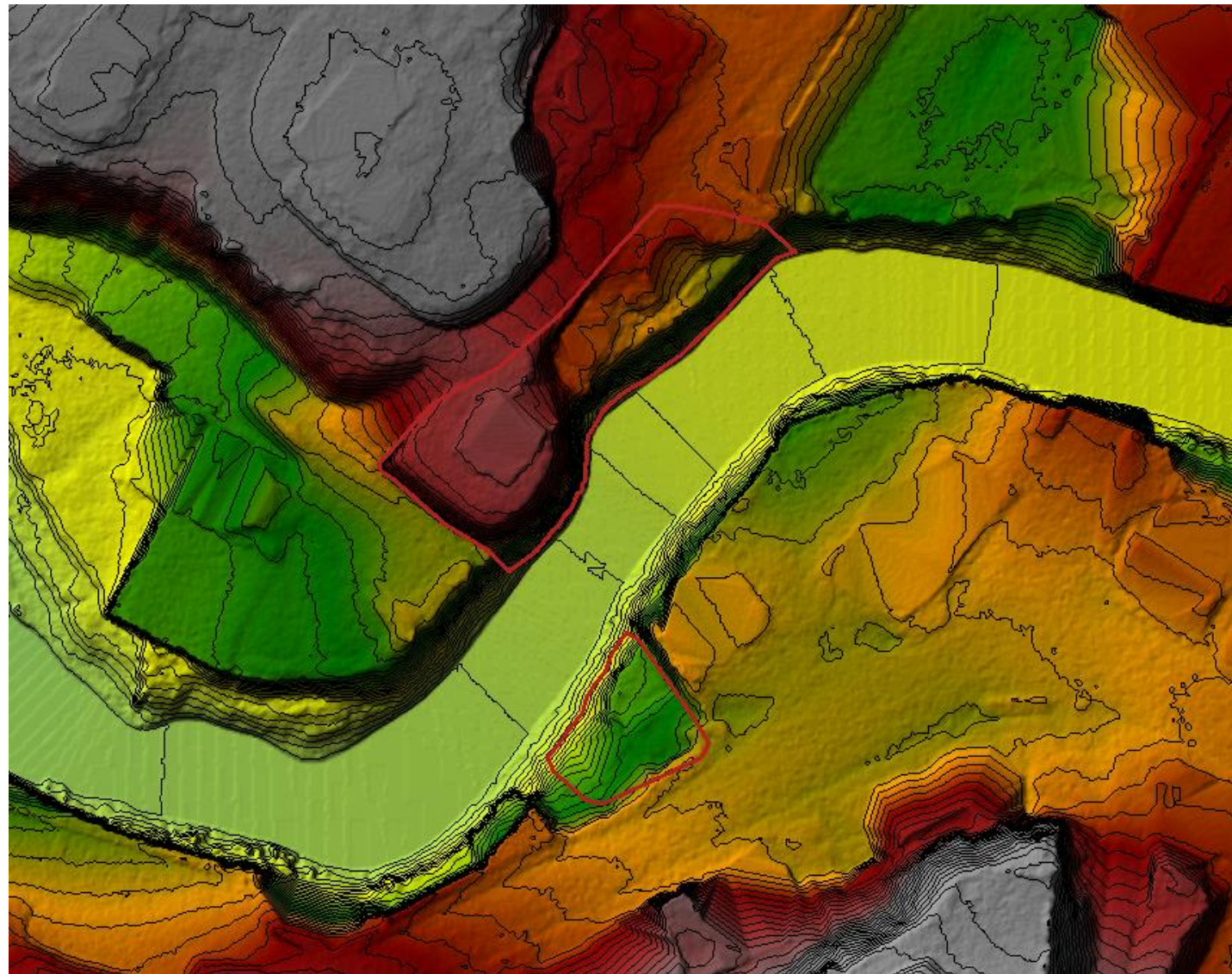


## Problems

- Eroding banks
- Potential Buyouts

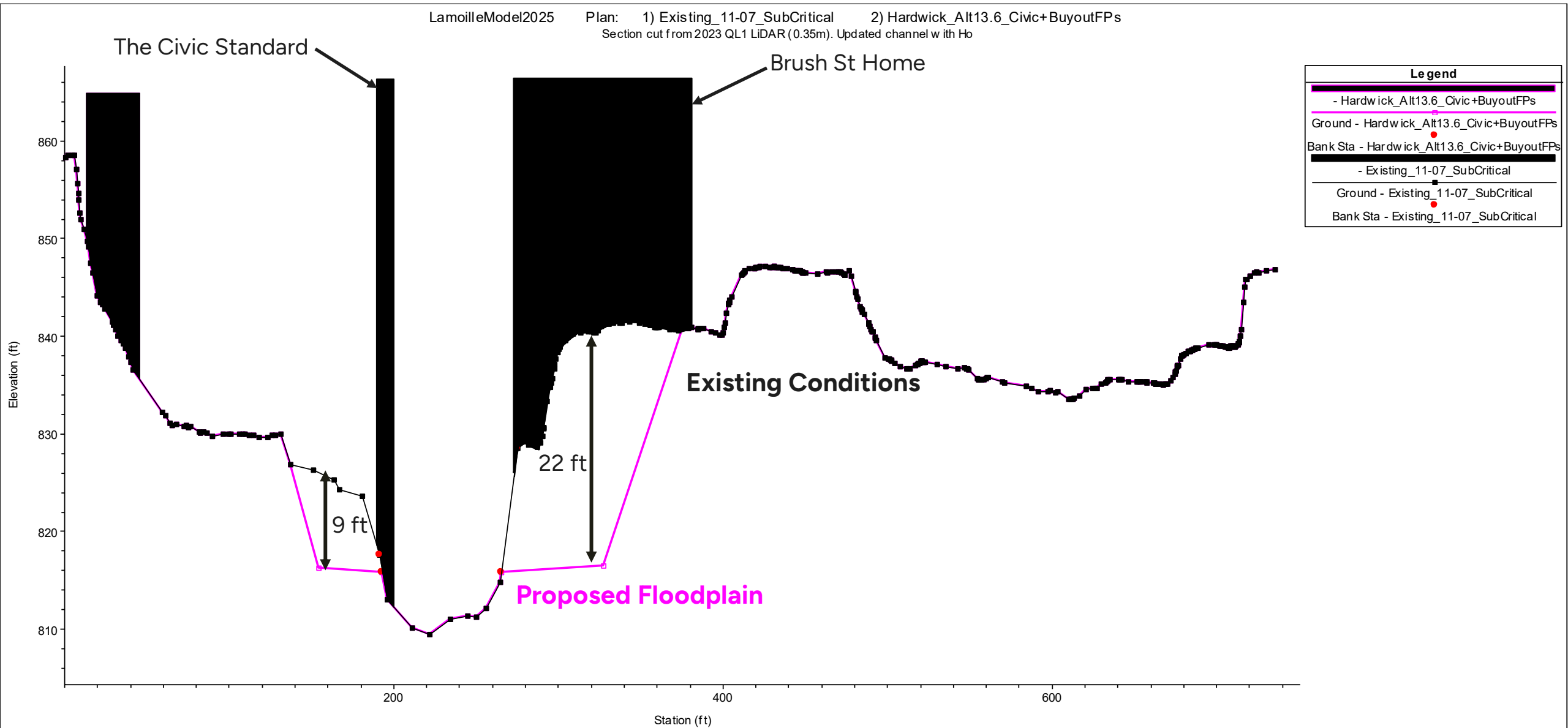
## Possible Solutions

- Slope stabilization/bank armouring
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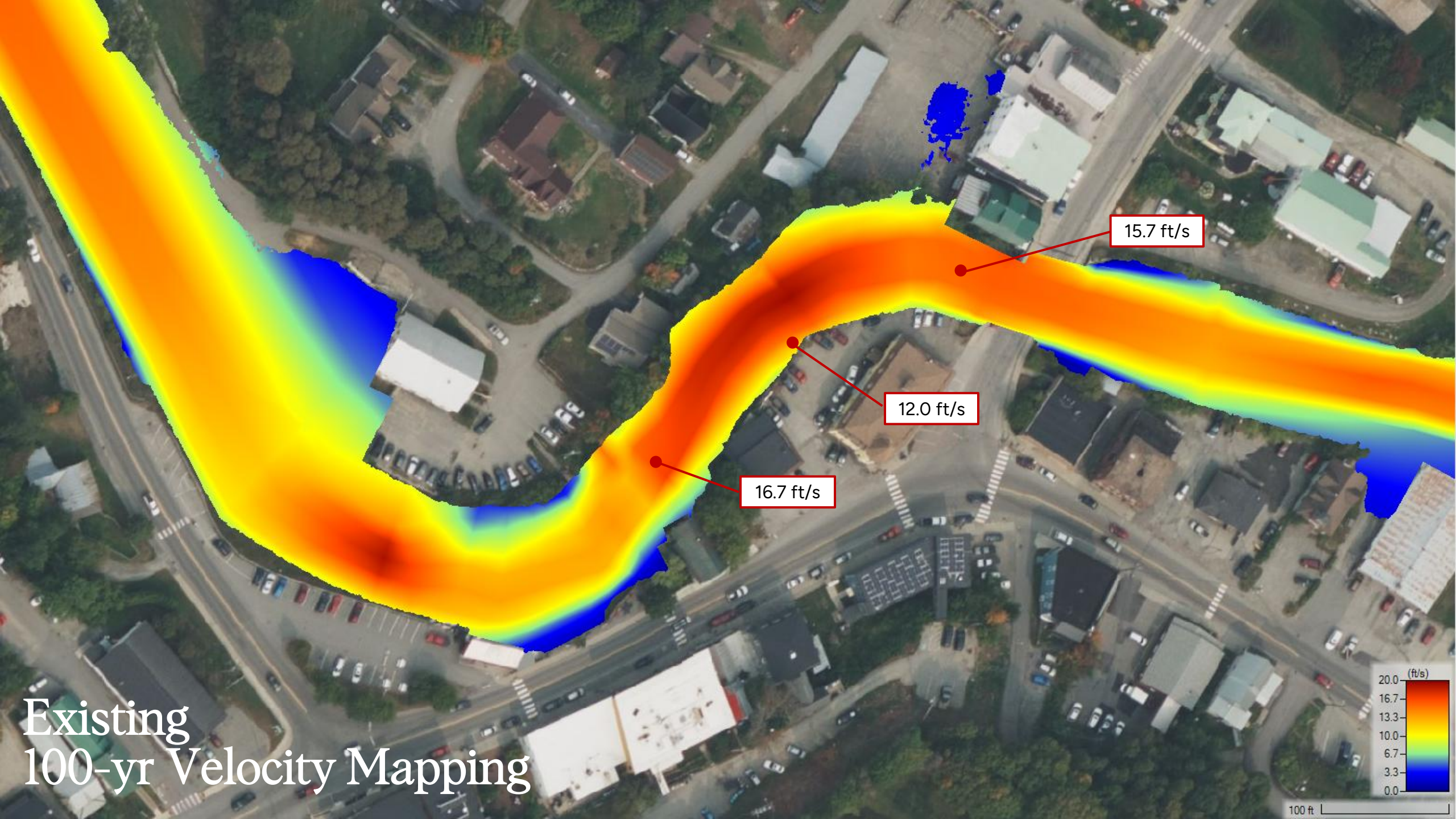




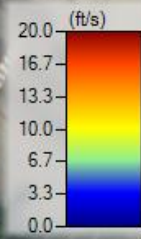
# Cross Section View – Existing and Proposed





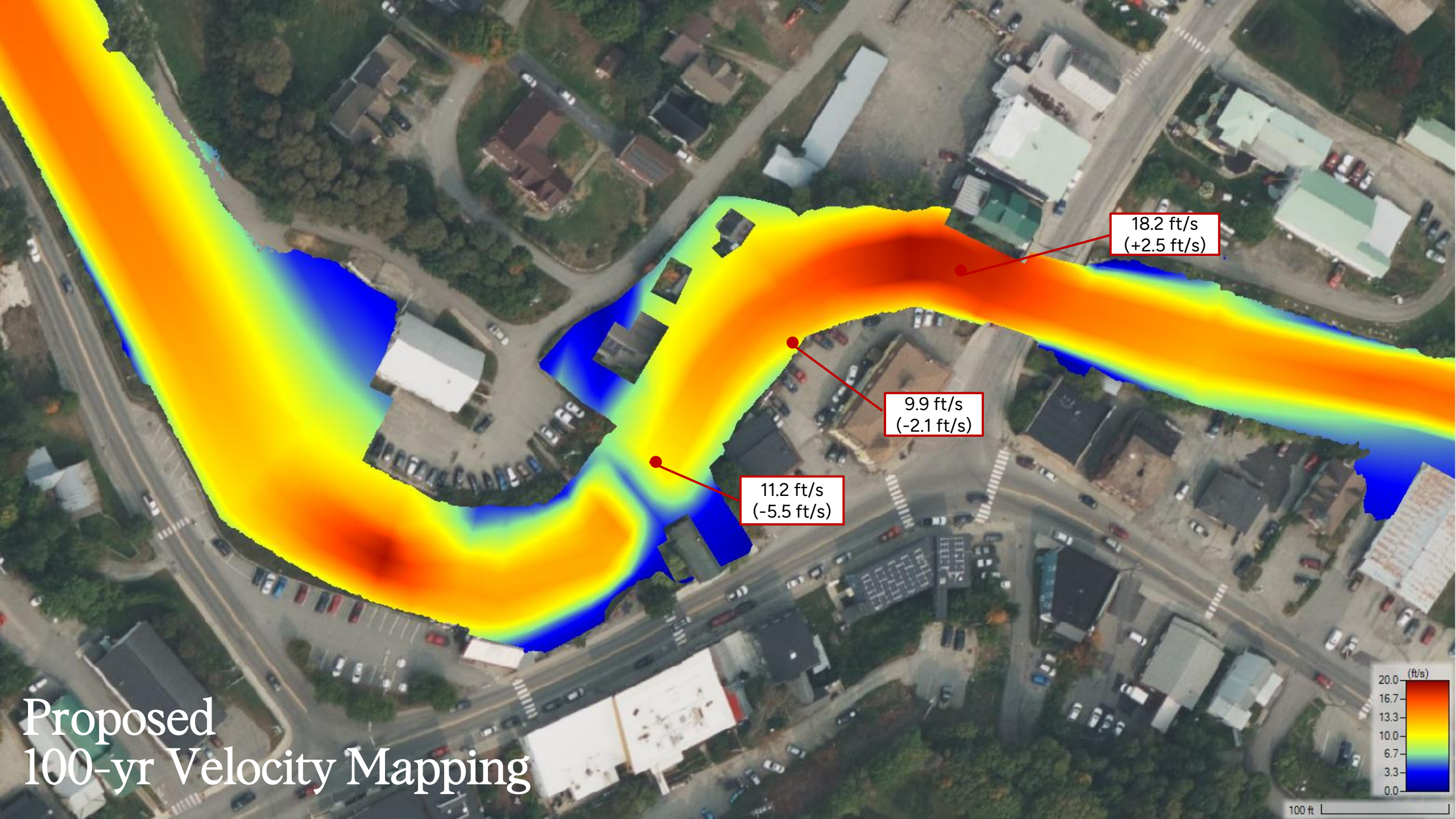


Existing  
100-yr Velocity Mapping

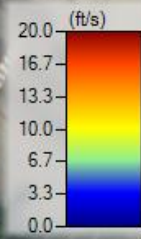


100 ft





Proposed  
100-yr Velocity Mapping





# Downtown Floodplains - Constrictions



## Problems

- Constrictions
- Eroding banks

## Possible Solutions

- Slope stabilization/bank armoring
- Floodplain restoration





# Downtown Floodplains - Constrictions

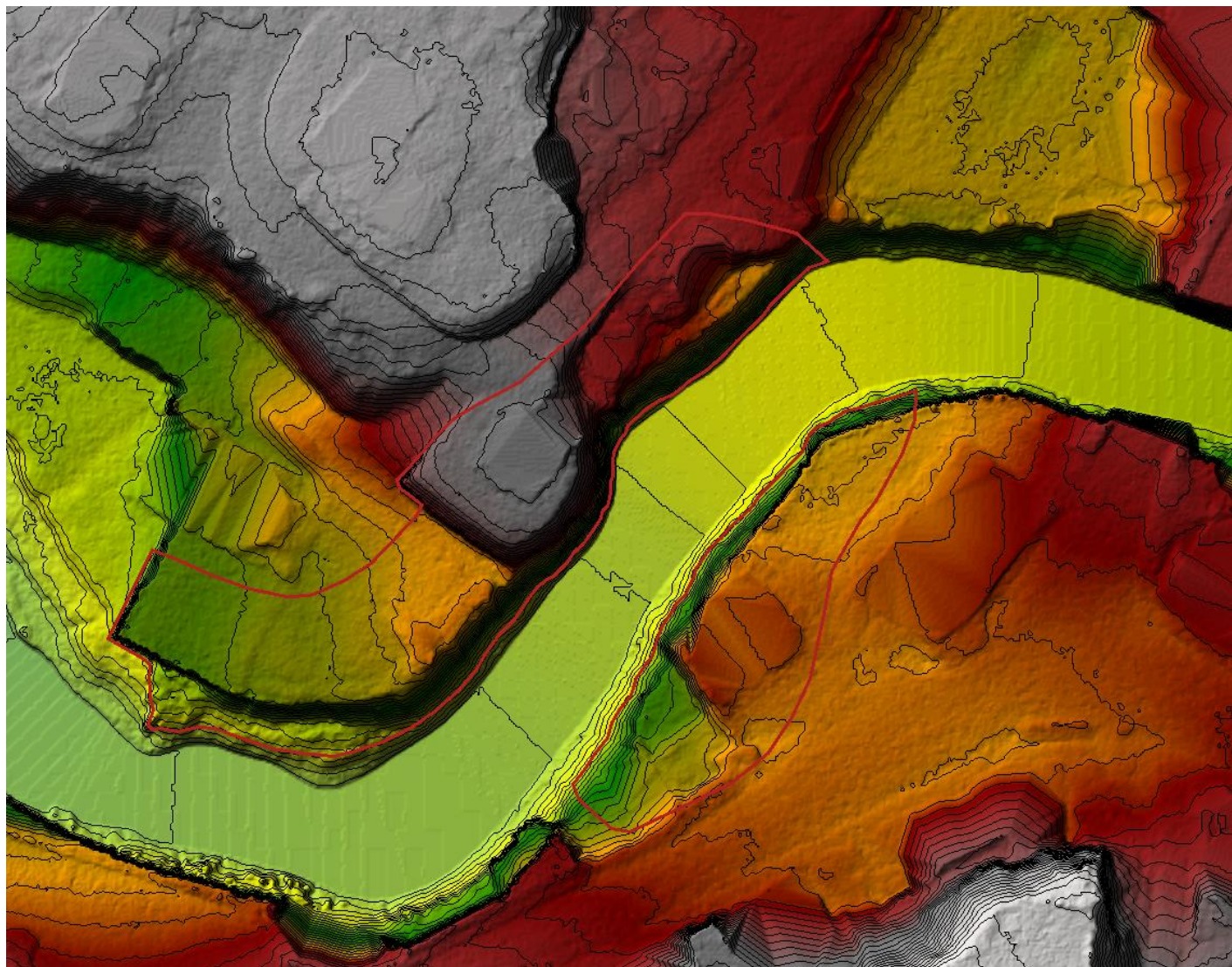


## Problems

- Constrictions
- Eroding banks

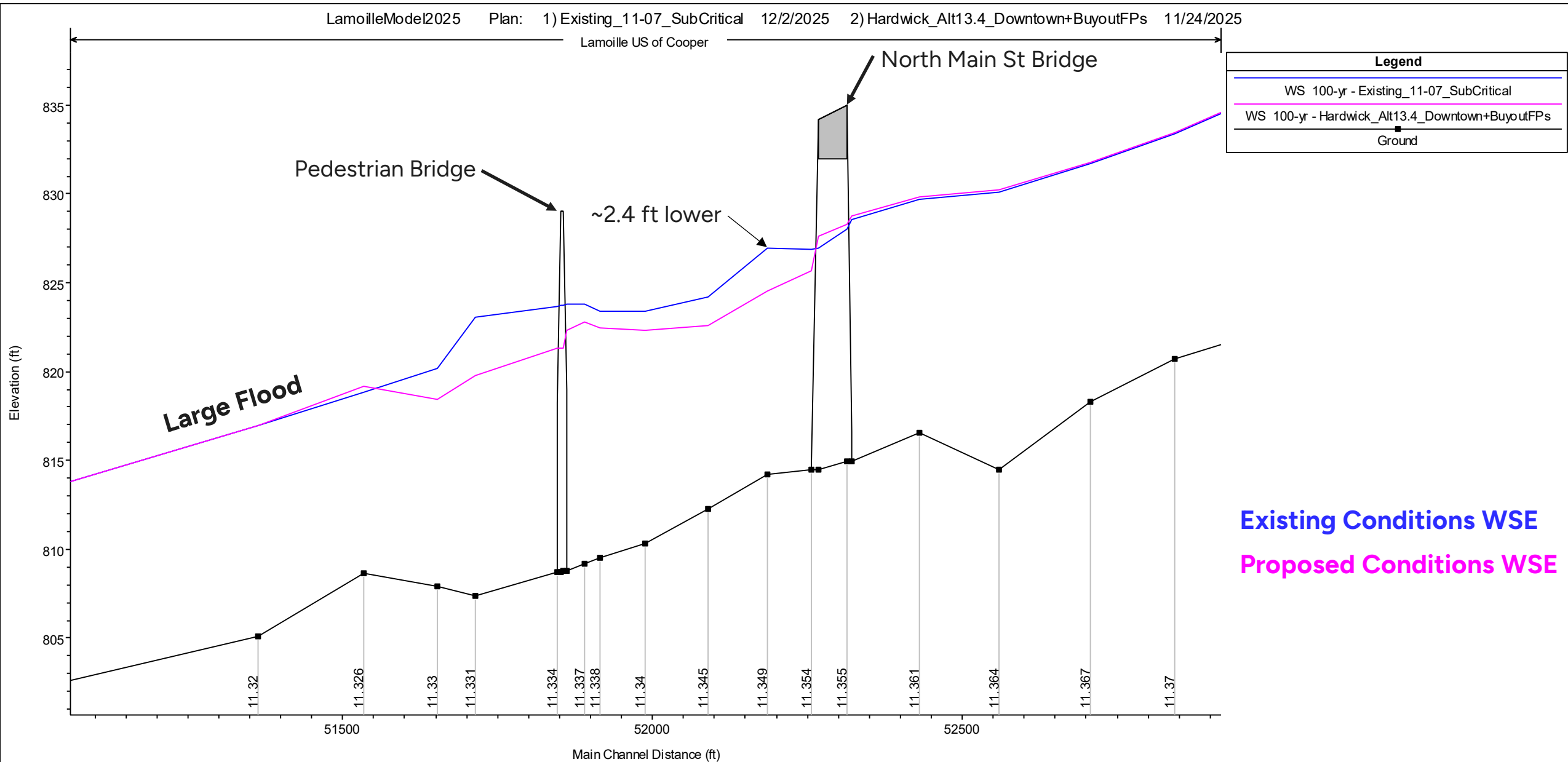
## Possible Solutions

- Slope stabilization/bank armoring
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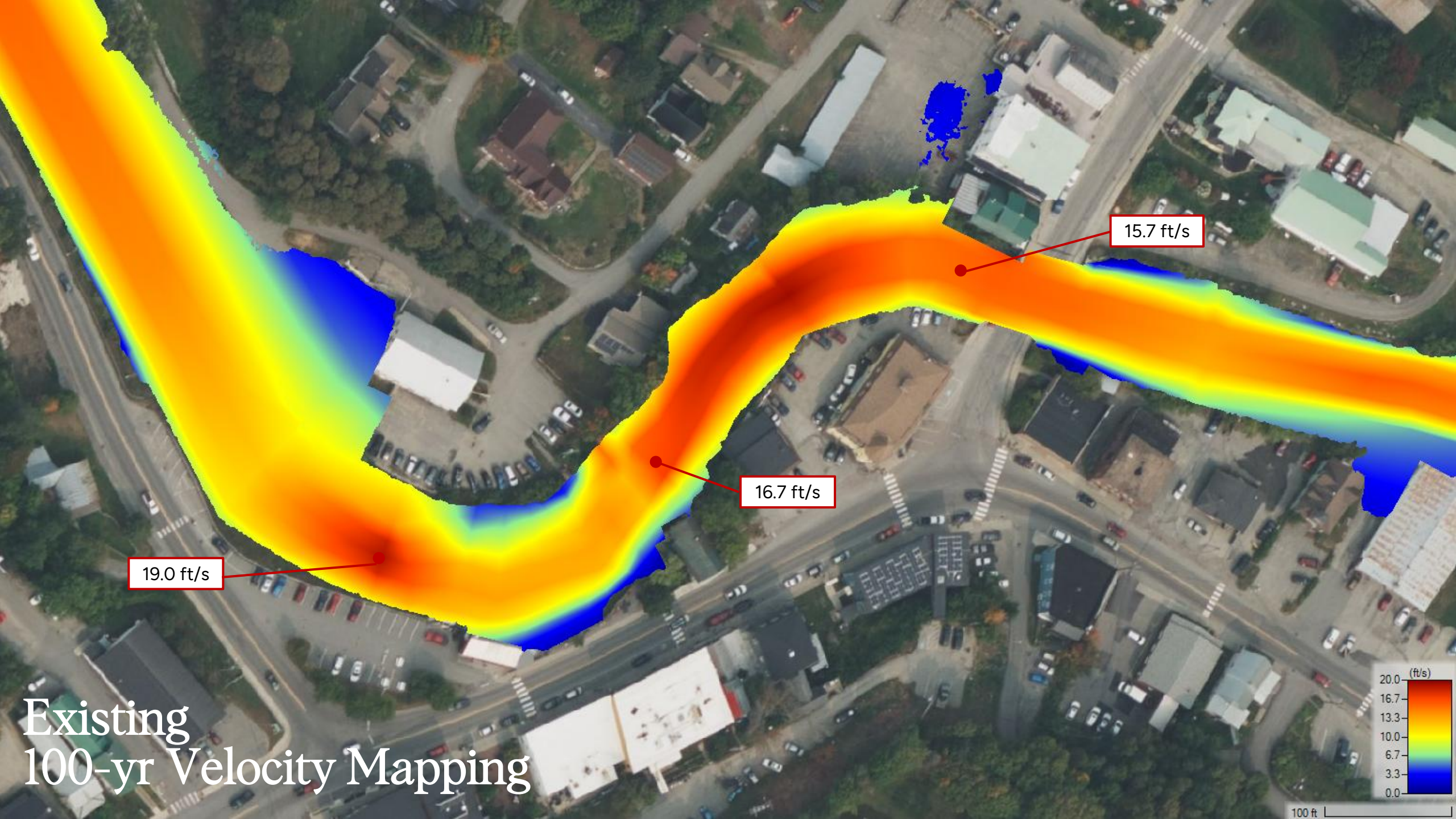




# Results – Lamoille River Profile





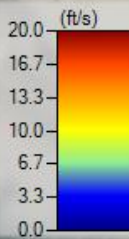


15.7 ft/s

16.7 ft/s

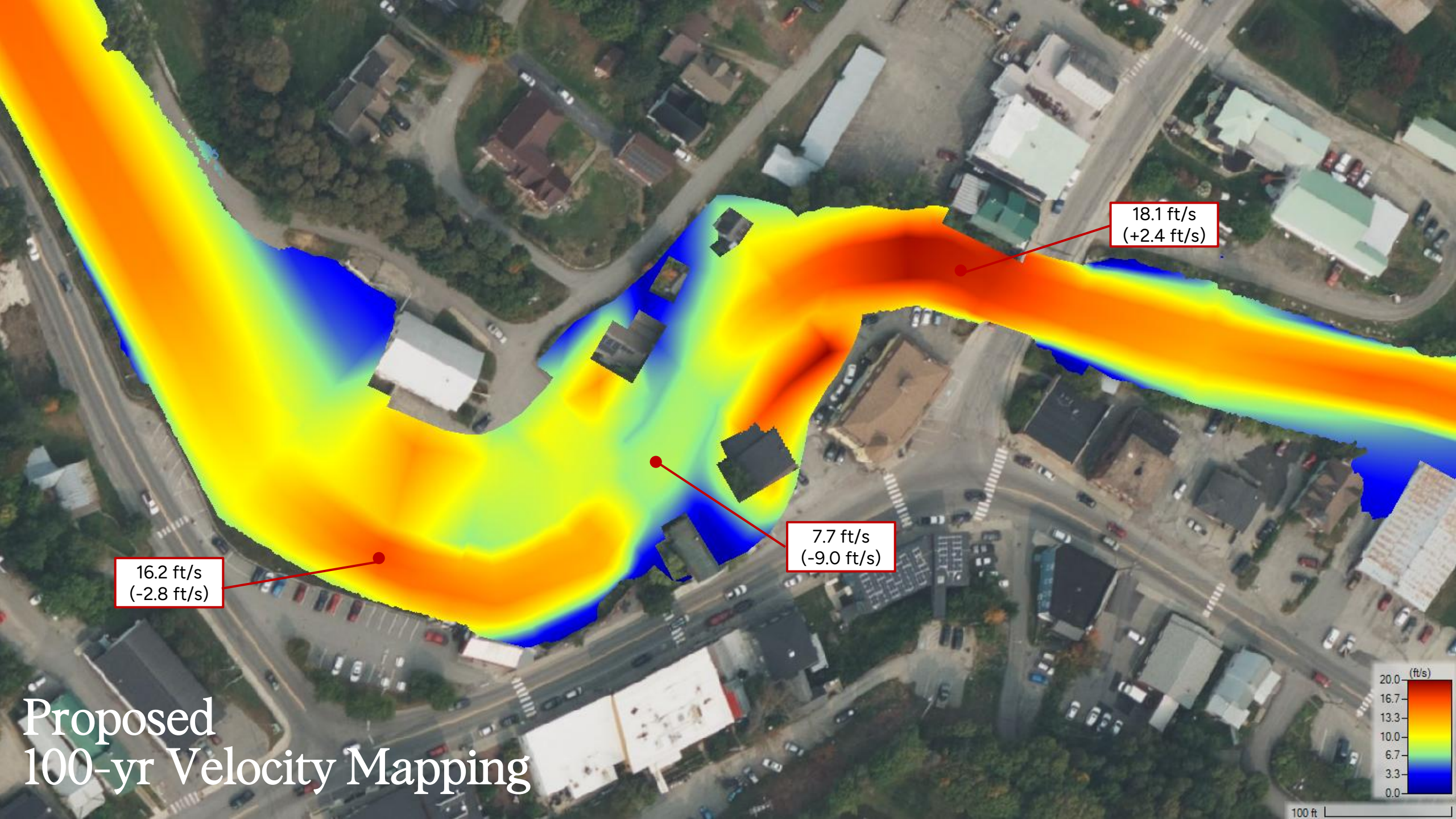
19.0 ft/s

Existing  
100-yr Velocity Mapping



100 ft



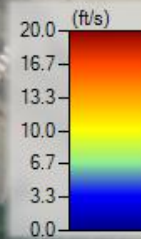


18.1 ft/s  
(+2.4 ft/s)

7.7 ft/s  
(-9.0 ft/s)

16.2 ft/s  
(-2.8 ft/s)

Proposed  
100-yr Velocity Mapping



100 ft



# Wolcott Street and Sawmill Lane Floodplains



## Problems

- Sediment deposition
- Inundation flooding
- Possible buyouts

## Possible Solutions

- Floodplain restoration opportunity





# Wolcott Street and Sawmill Lane Floodplains

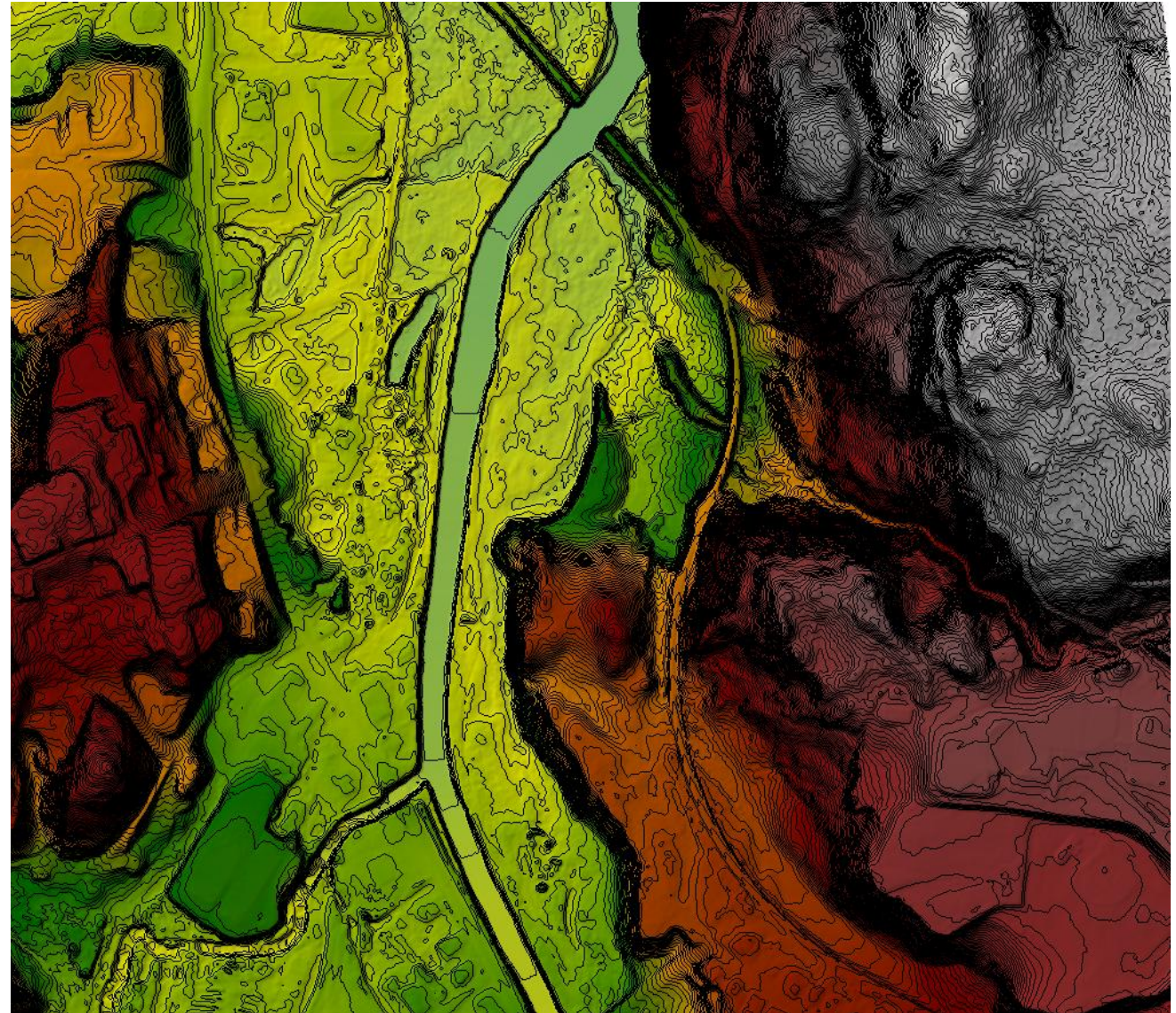


## Problems

- Sediment deposition
- Inundation flooding
- Possible buyouts

## Possible Solutions

- Floodplain restoration opportunity

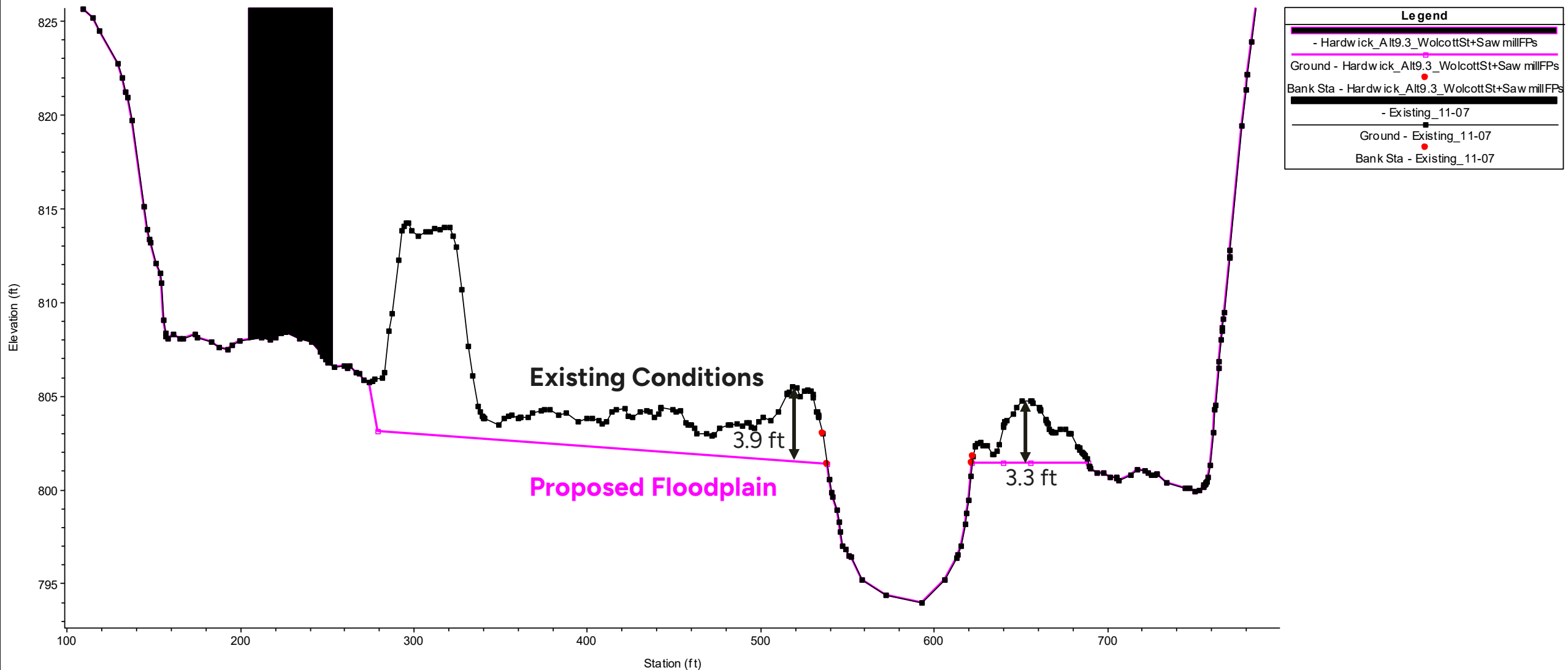




# Cross Section View – Existing and Proposed

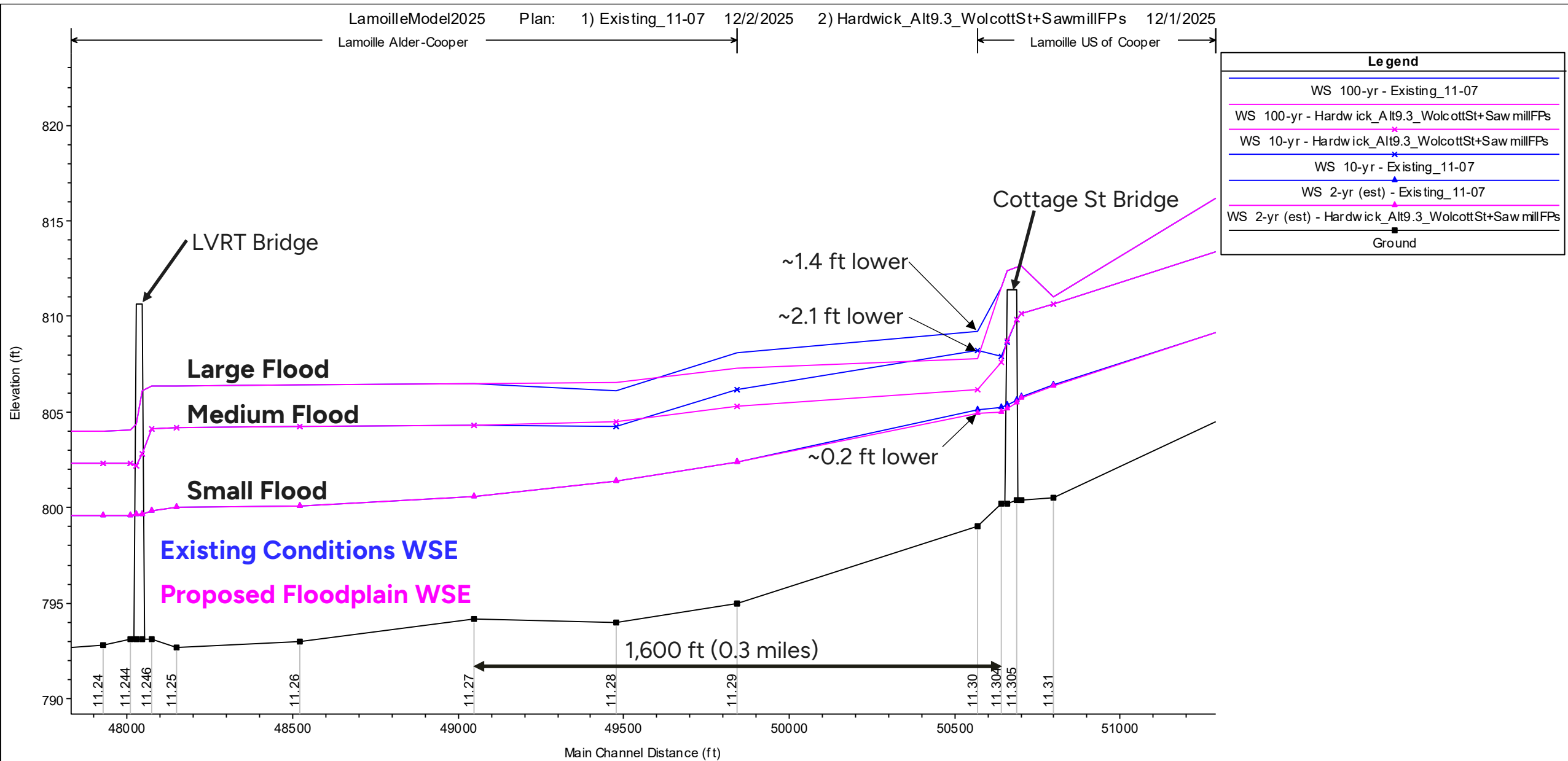


LamoilleModel2025    Plan:    1) Existing\_11-07    2) Hardwick\_Alt9.3\_WolcottSt+SawmillFPs  
FEMA U Town and Village of Hardwick. Section cut from 2023 QL1 L



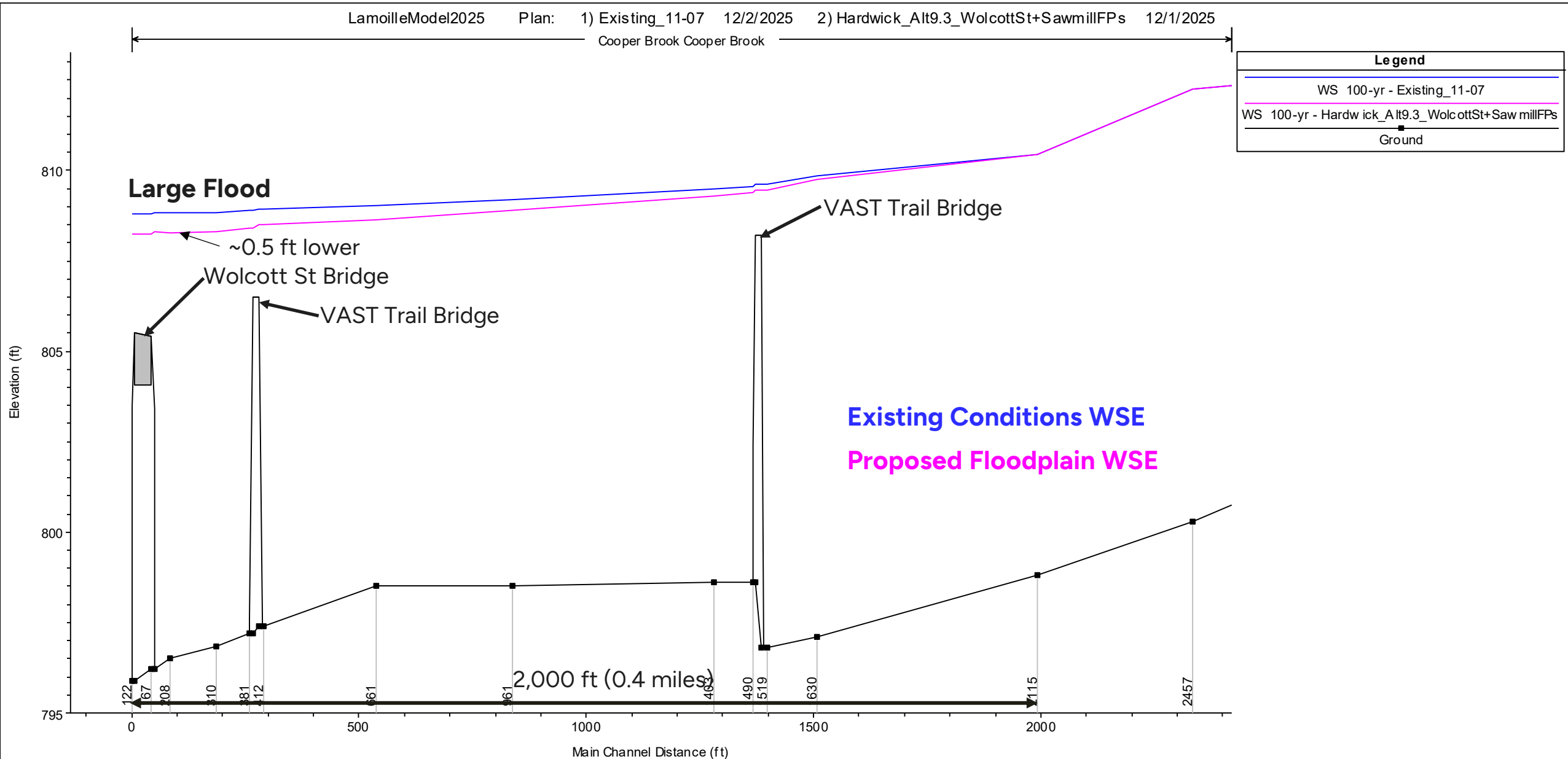


# Results – Lamoille Profile

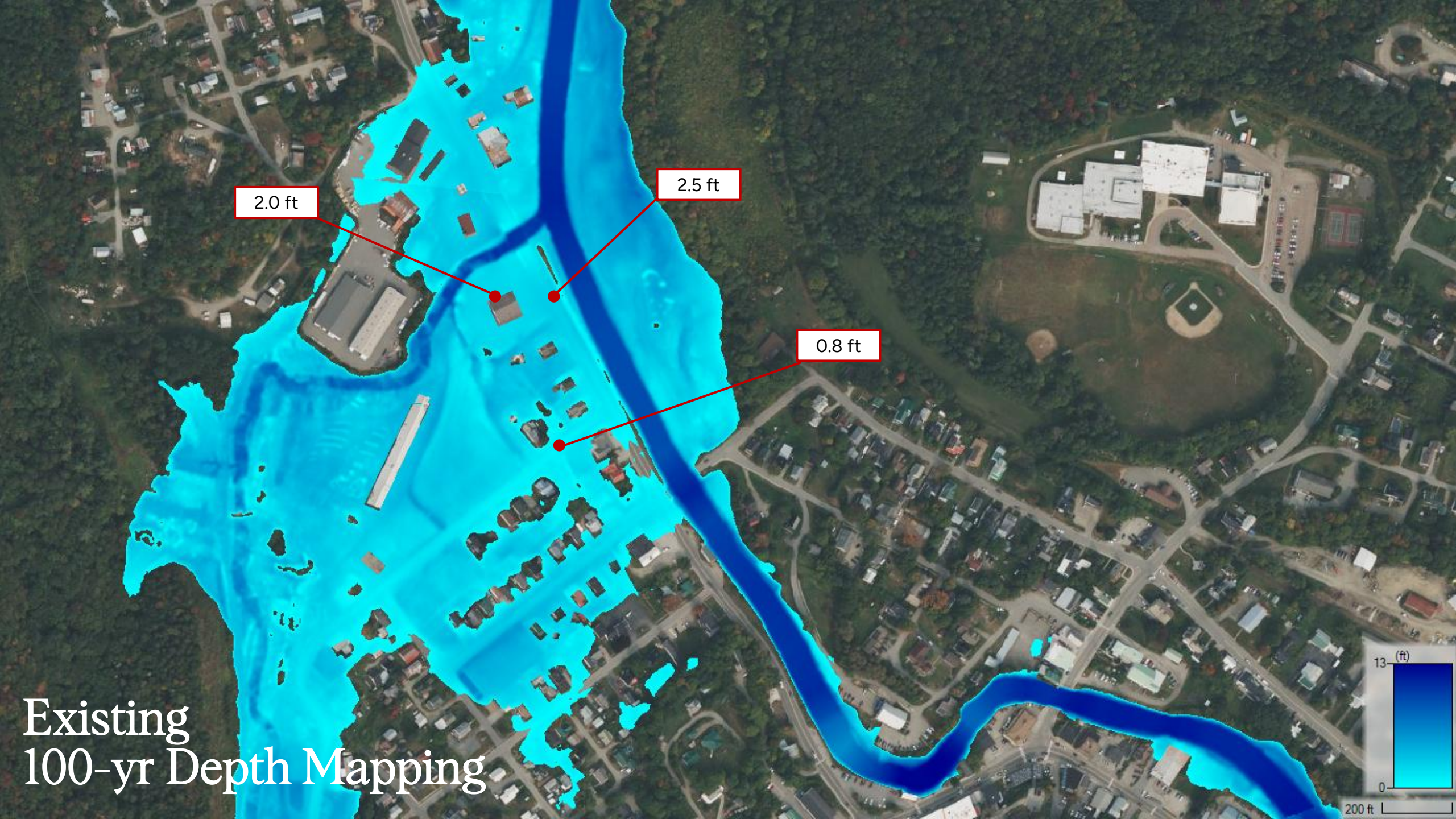




# Results – Cooper Brook Profile







2.0 ft

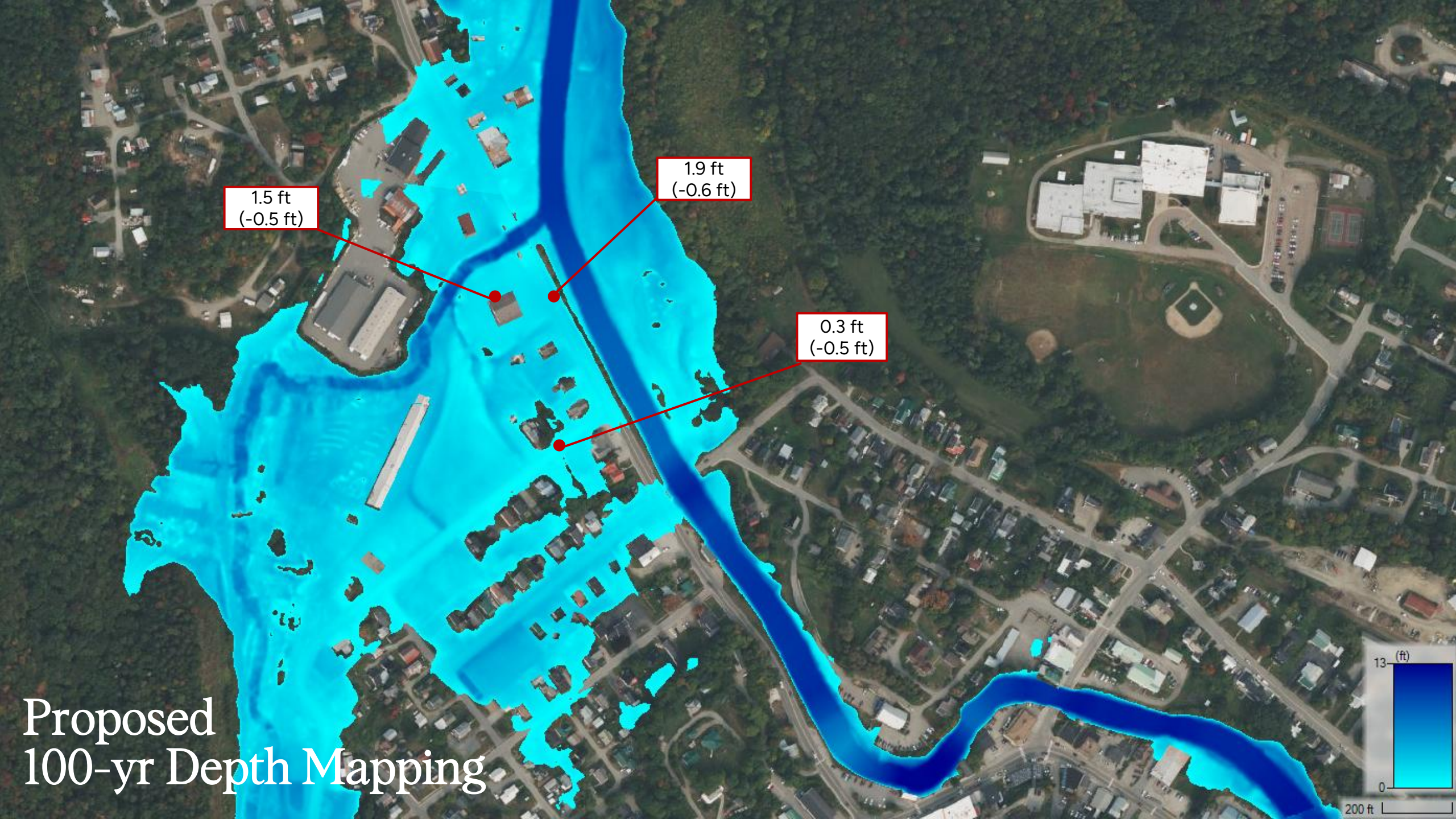
2.5 ft

0.8 ft

Existing  
100-yr Depth Mapping



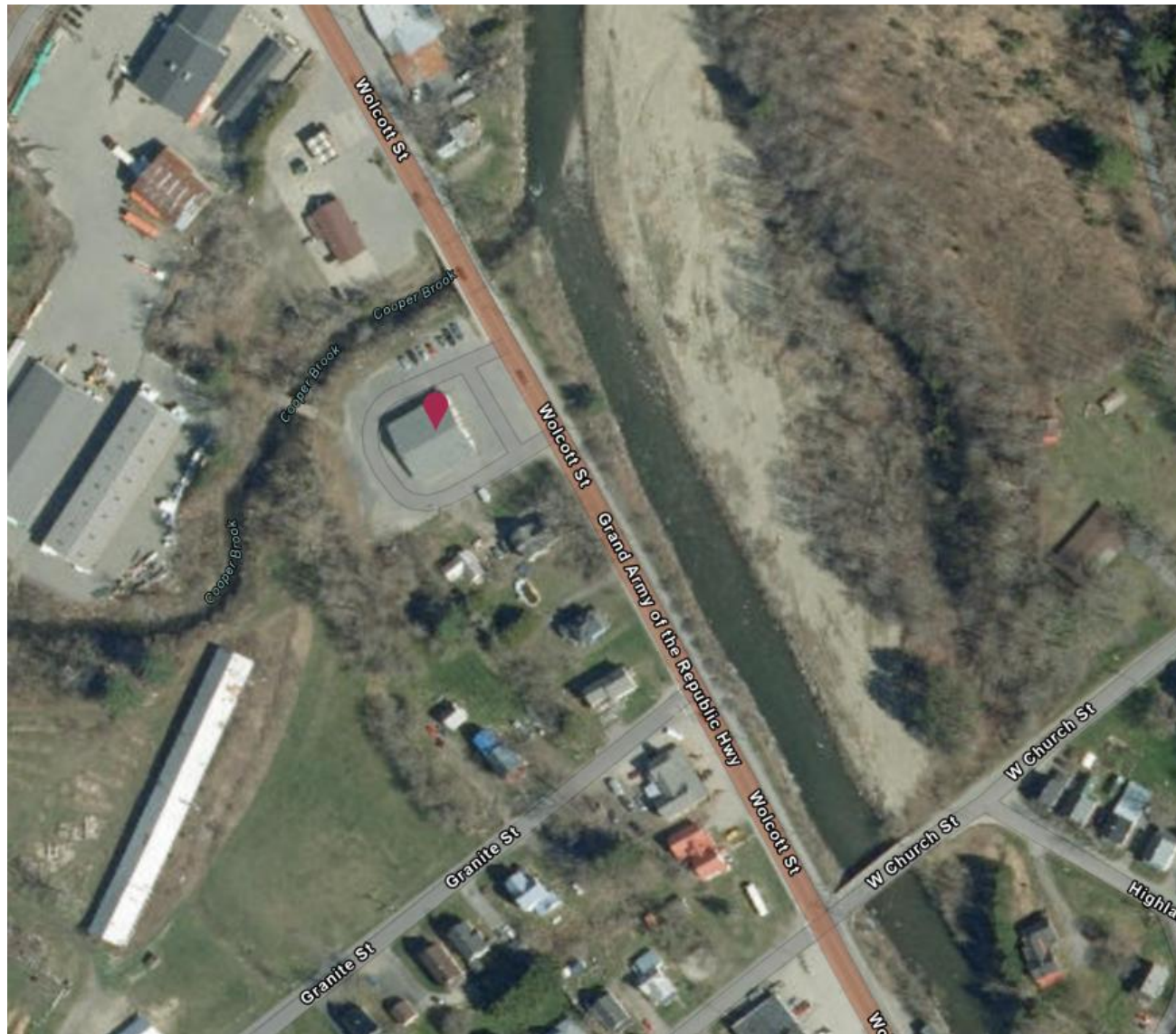




Proposed  
100-yr Depth Mapping



# Hardwick Fire Station



## Problems

- Inundation Flooding
- Impact to emergency services

## Possible Solutions

- Elevate ~4 ft (increases WSE ~0.01 ft)
- Relocation



# LVRT Embankment

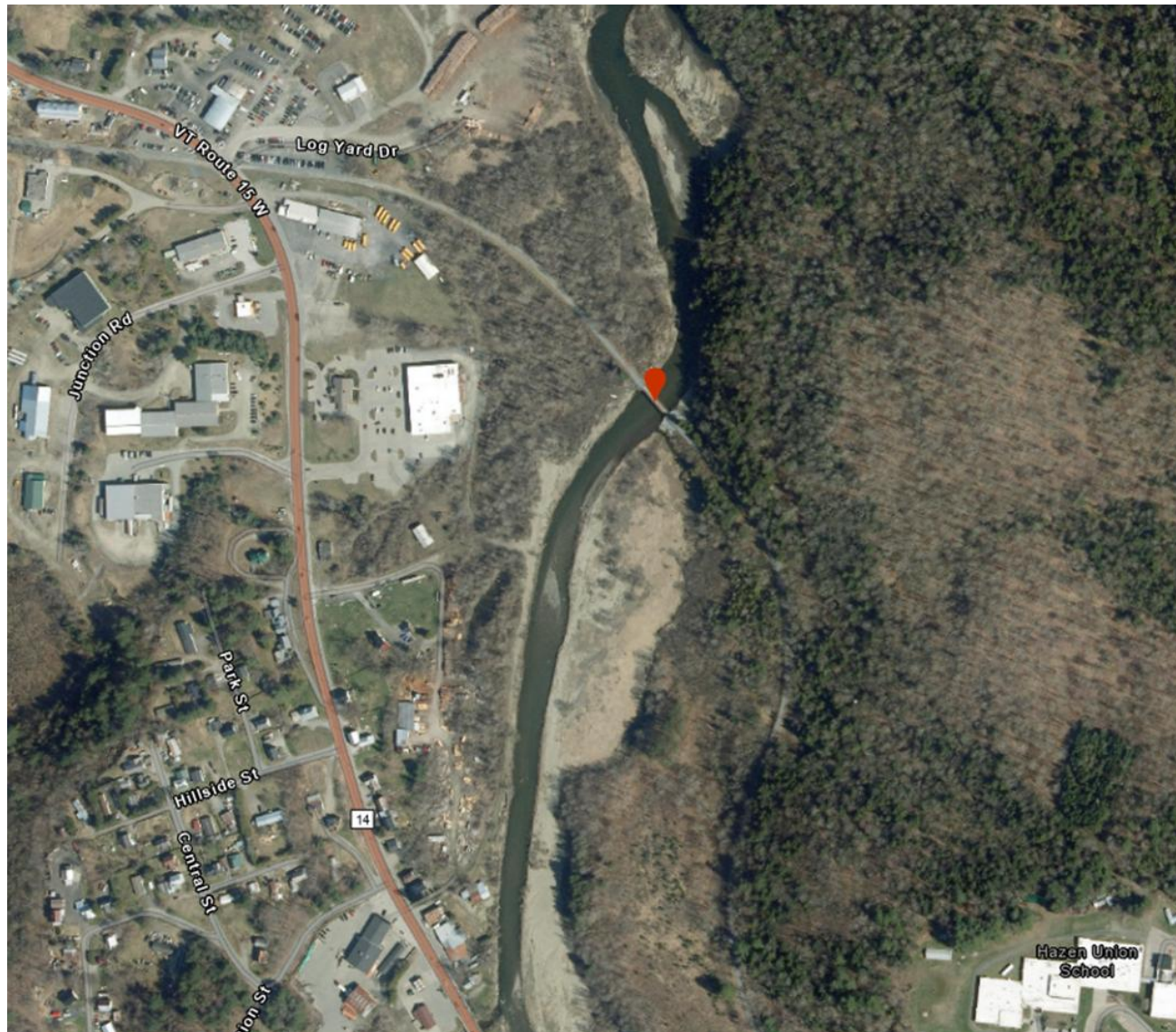


## Problems

- LVRT Bridge is a constriction and backs up flow
- Embankment fully blocks floodplain

## Possible Solutions

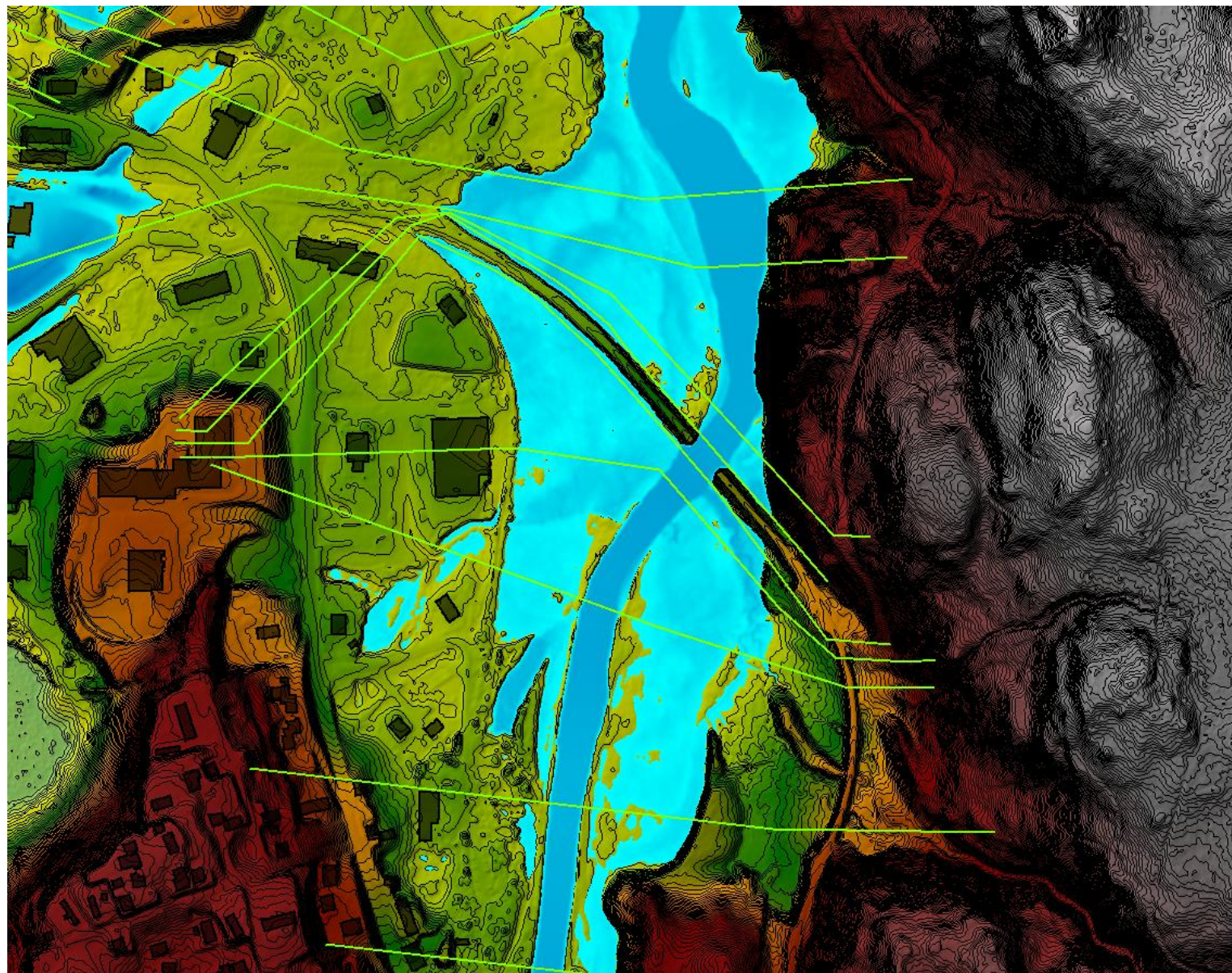
- Lower Embankment / Planned Overflow
- Widen Bridge







# Small Flood (2-yr)



Model Cross Sections



Terrain (2-ft contour)



Buildings



Water Depth

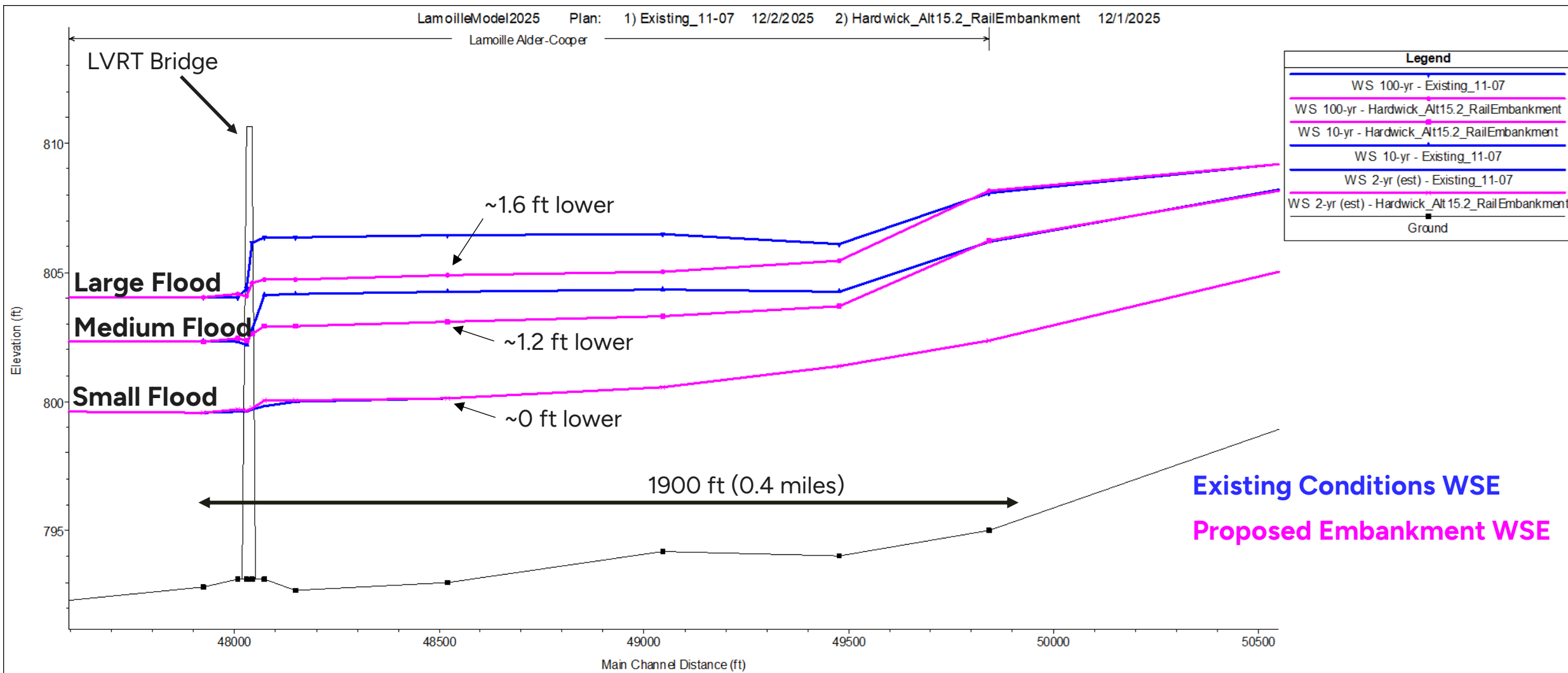








# Results – Lamoille River Profile







2.4 ft

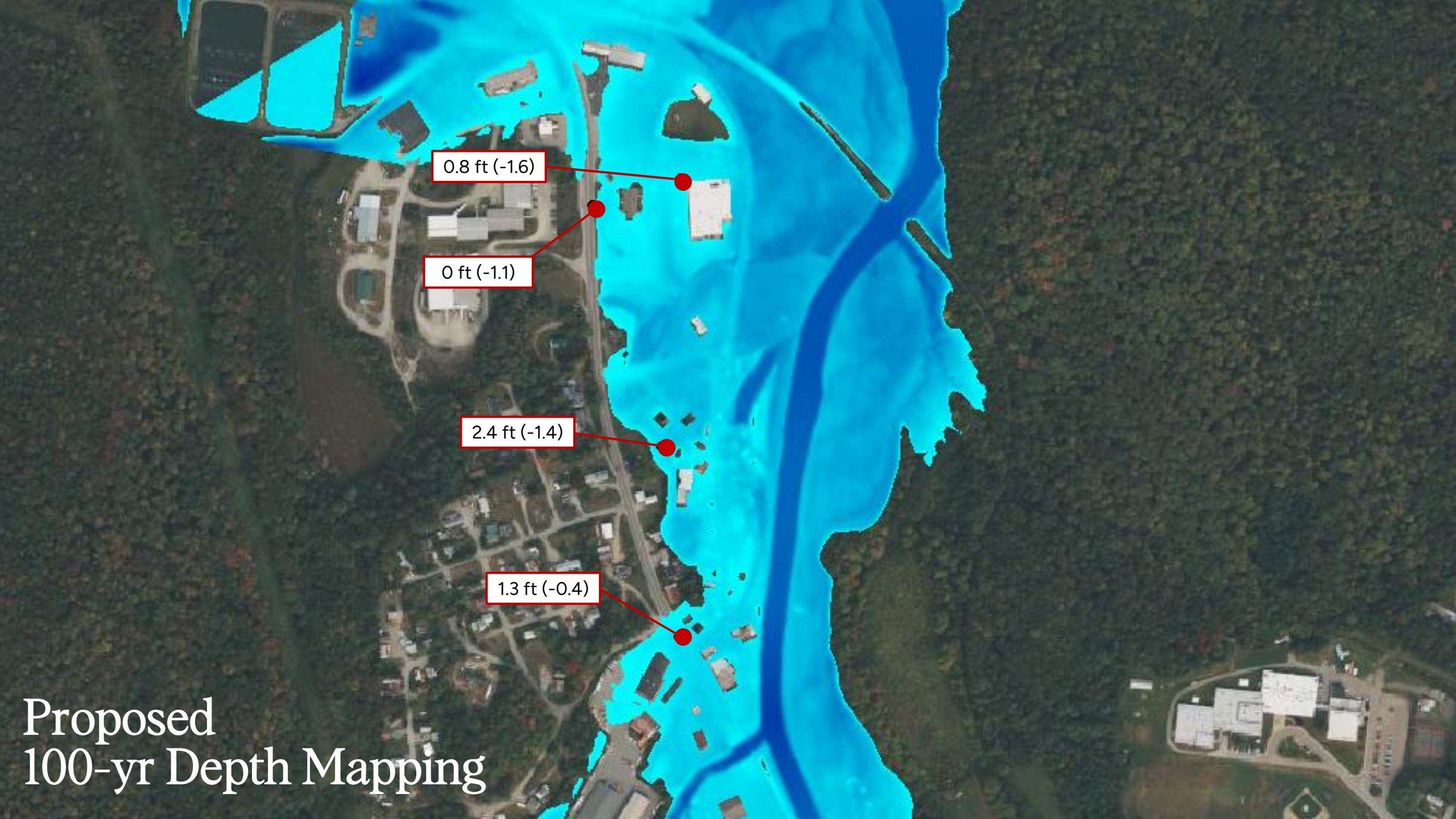
1.1 ft

3.8 ft

1.7 ft

Existing  
100-yr Depth Mapping





Proposed  
100-yr Depth Mapping



# Jackson Dam

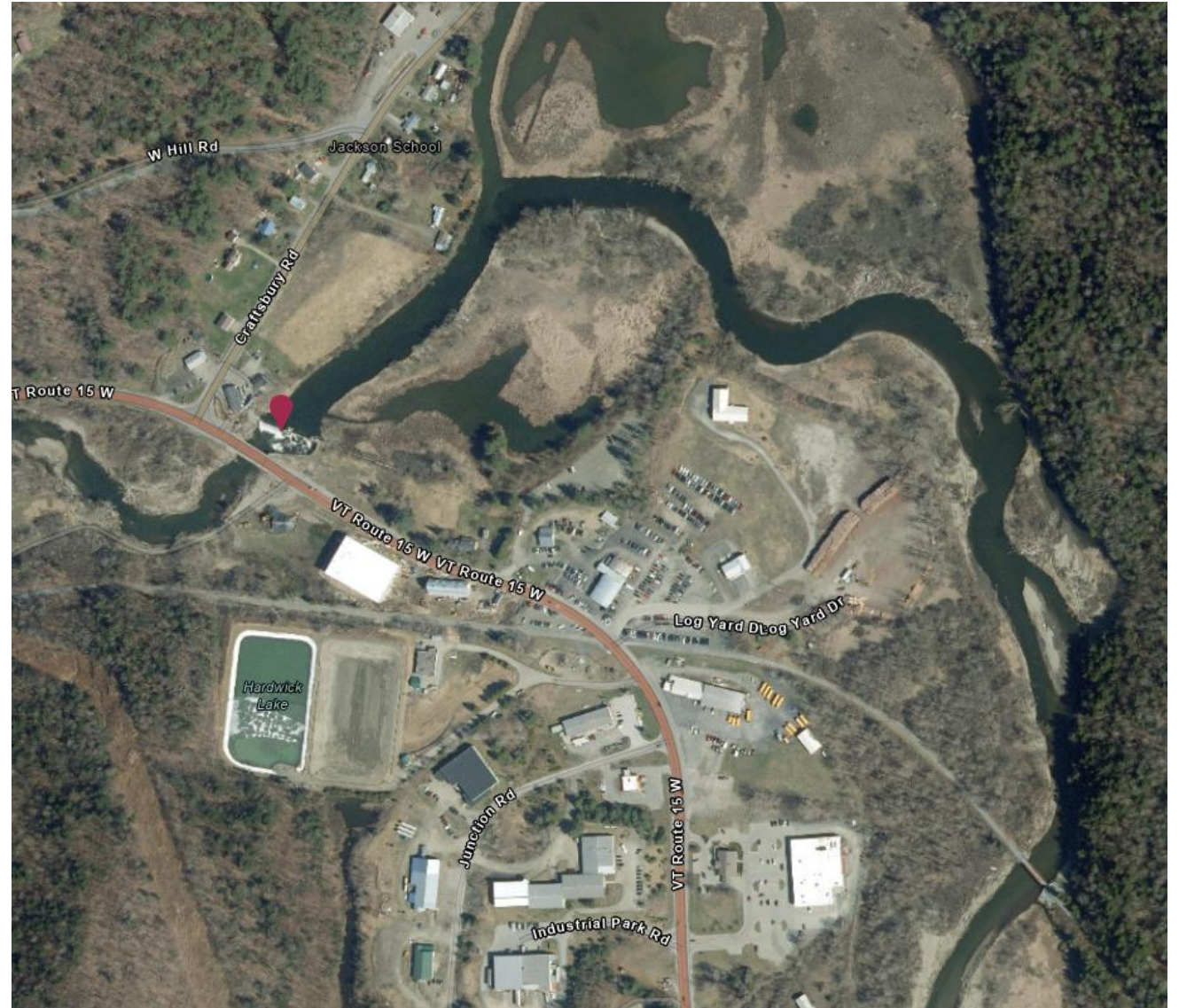


## Problems

- Barrier in River

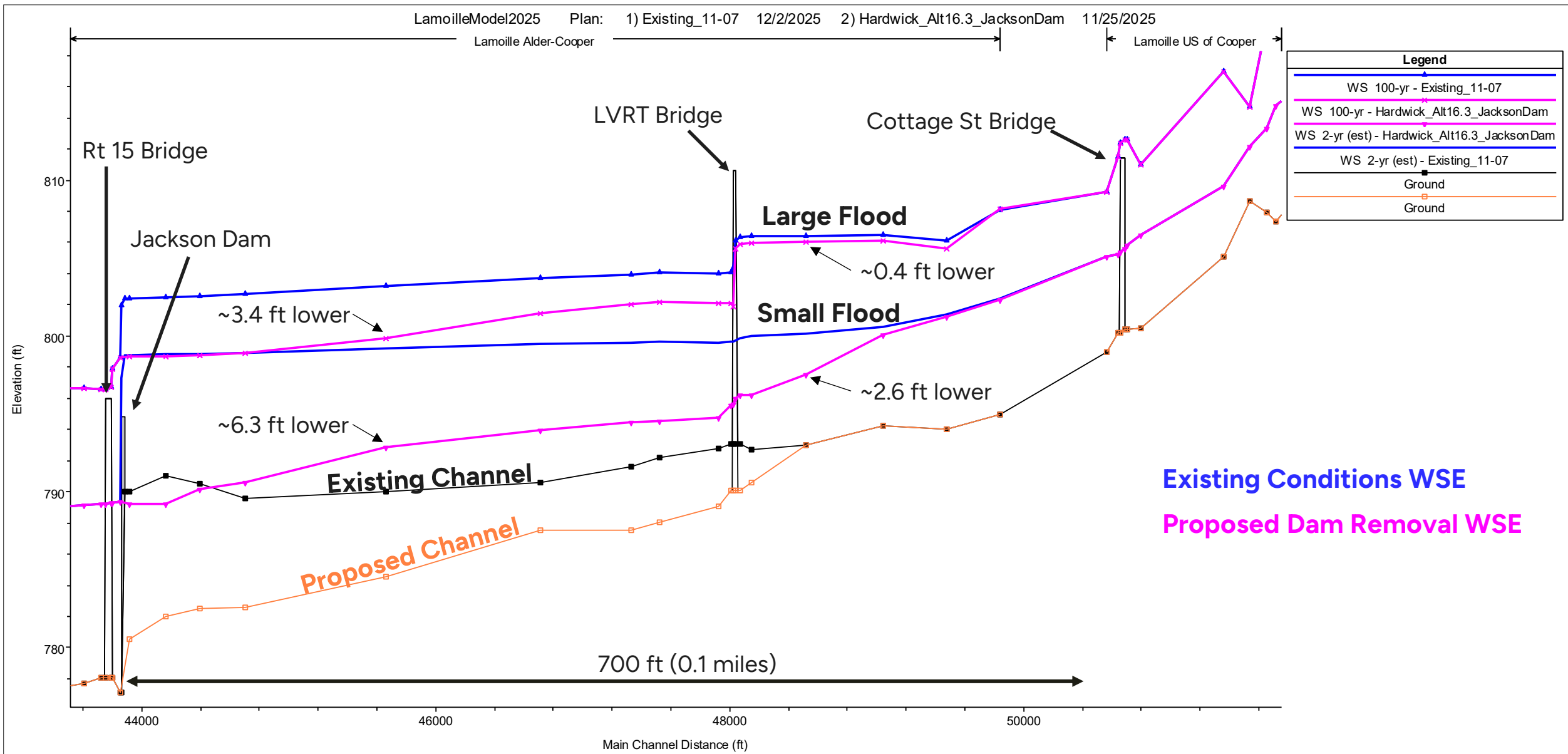
## Possible Solutions

- Dam removal
- Permanent drawdown

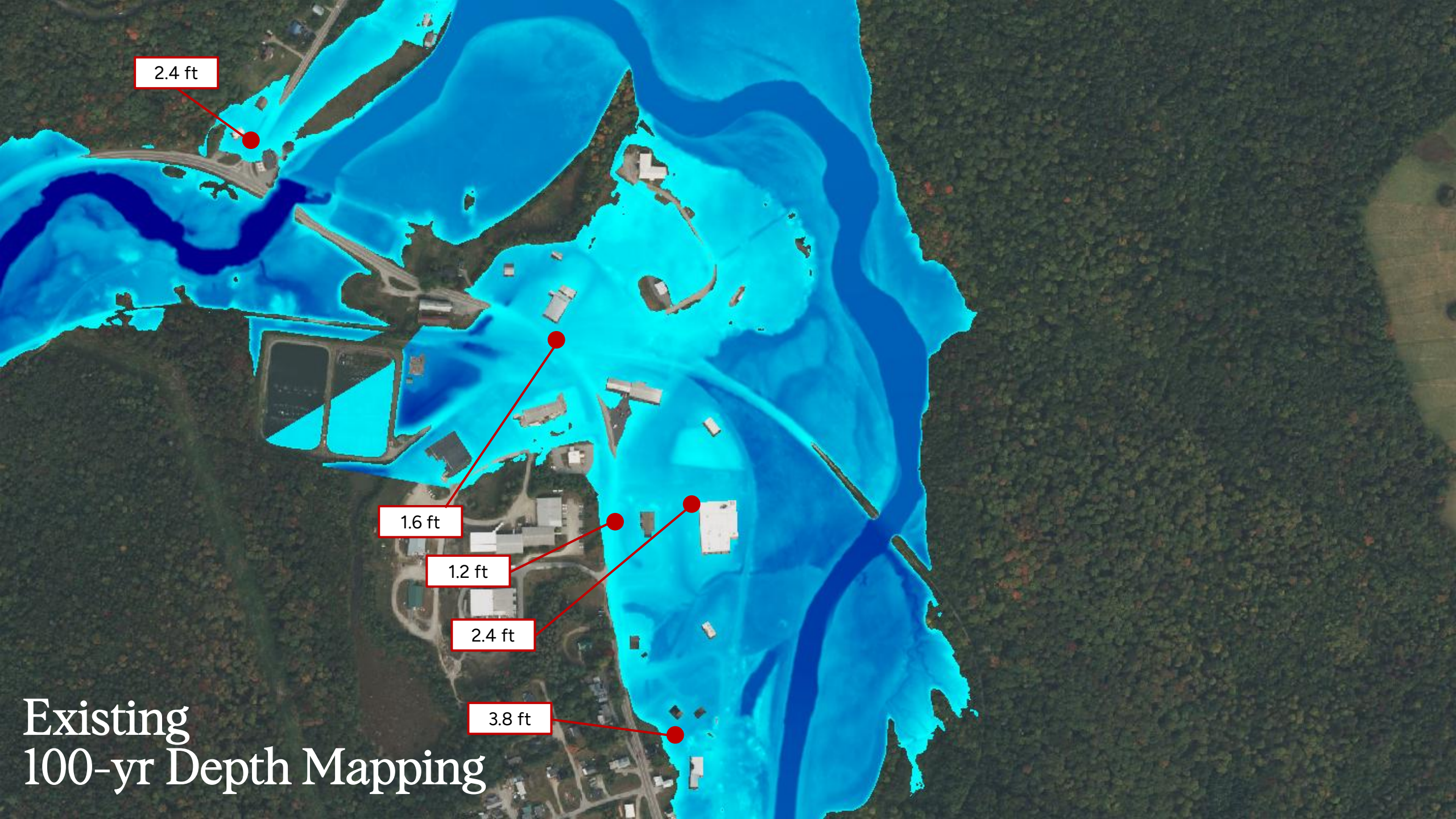




# Results – Lamoille River Profile

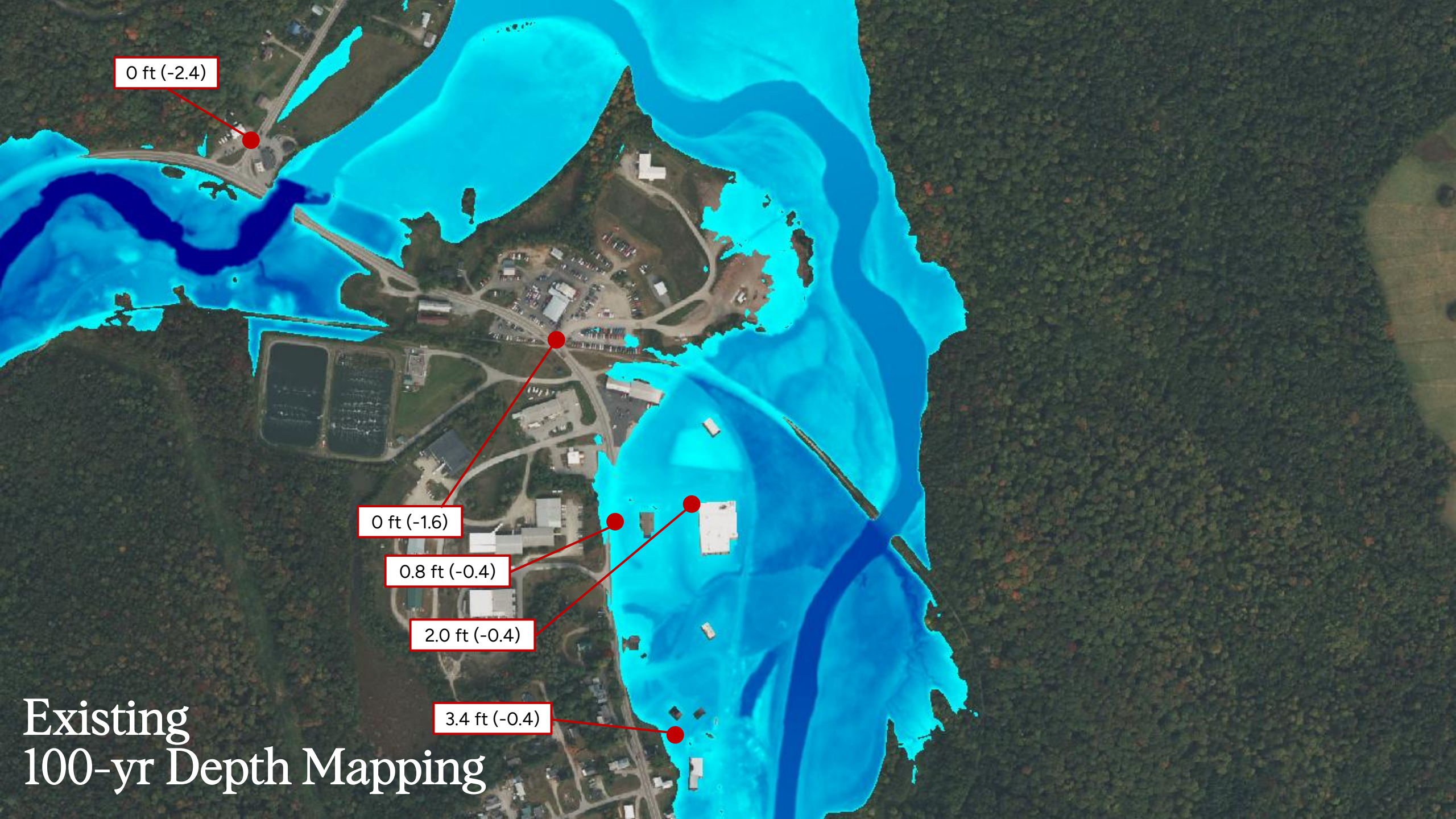






Existing  
100-yr Depth Mapping





0 ft (-2.4)

0 ft (-1.6)

0.8 ft (-0.4)

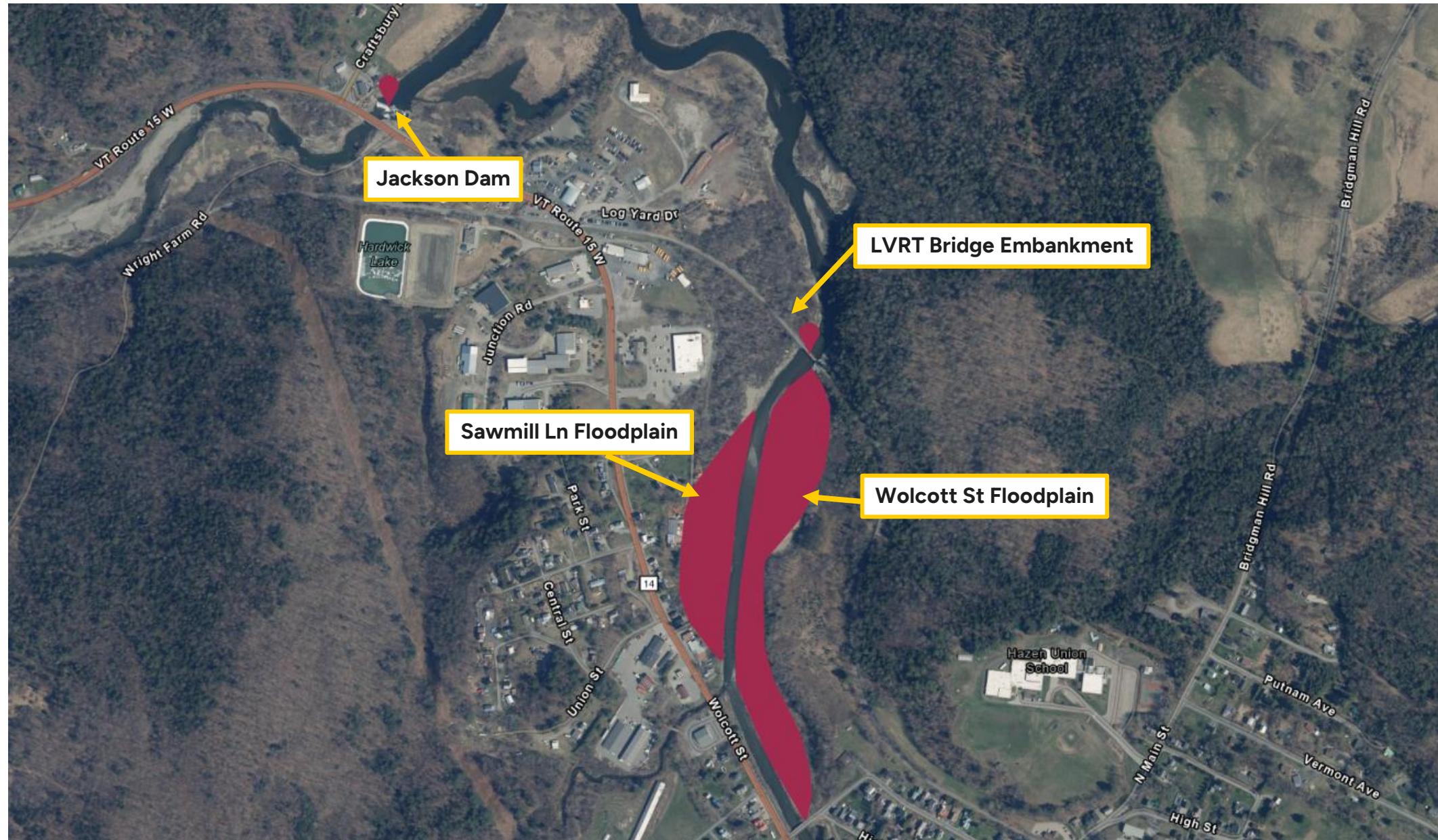
2.0 ft (-0.4)

3.4 ft (-0.4)

Existing  
100-yr Depth Mapping

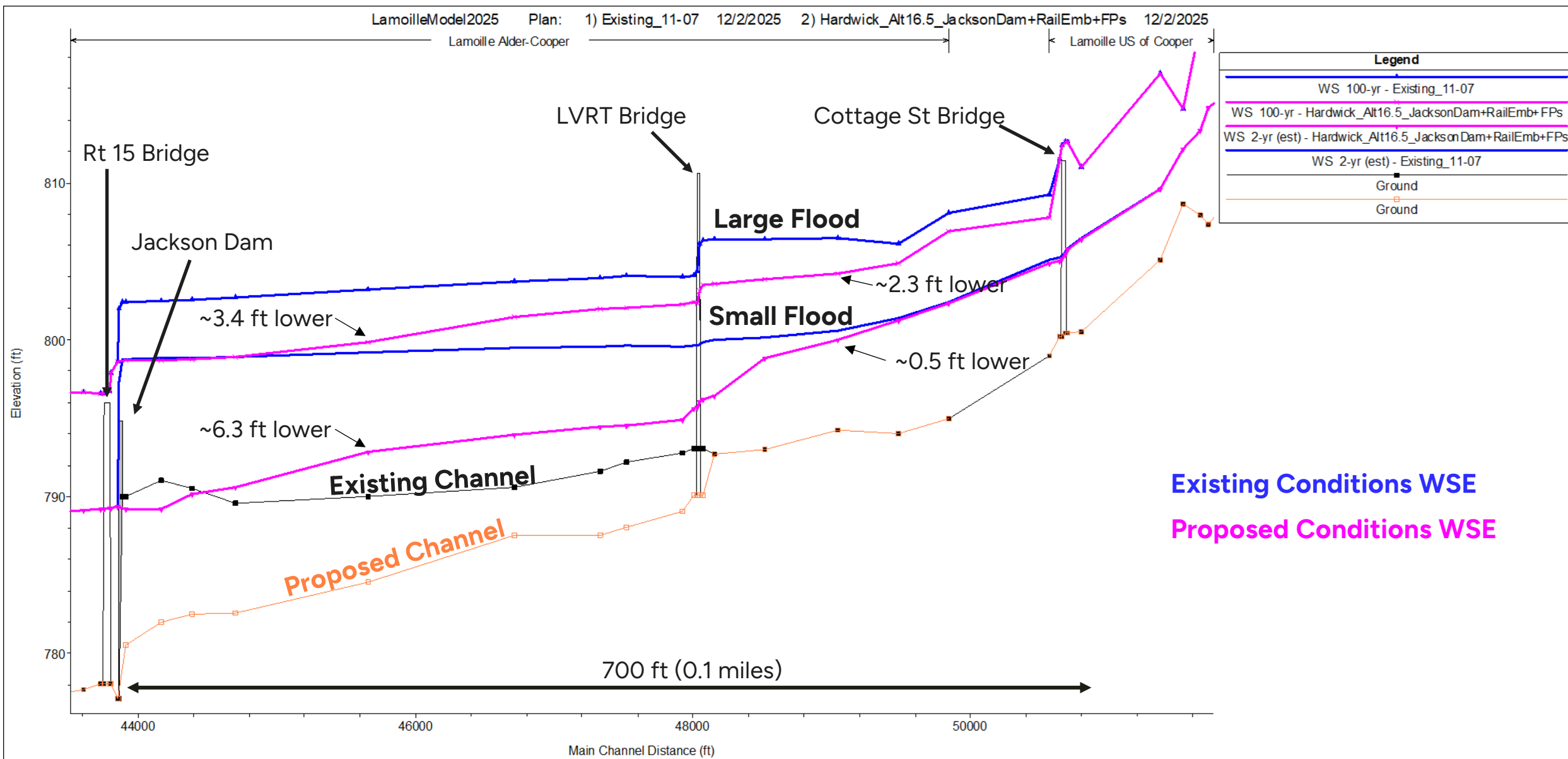


# Combined Flood Mitigation Alternatives

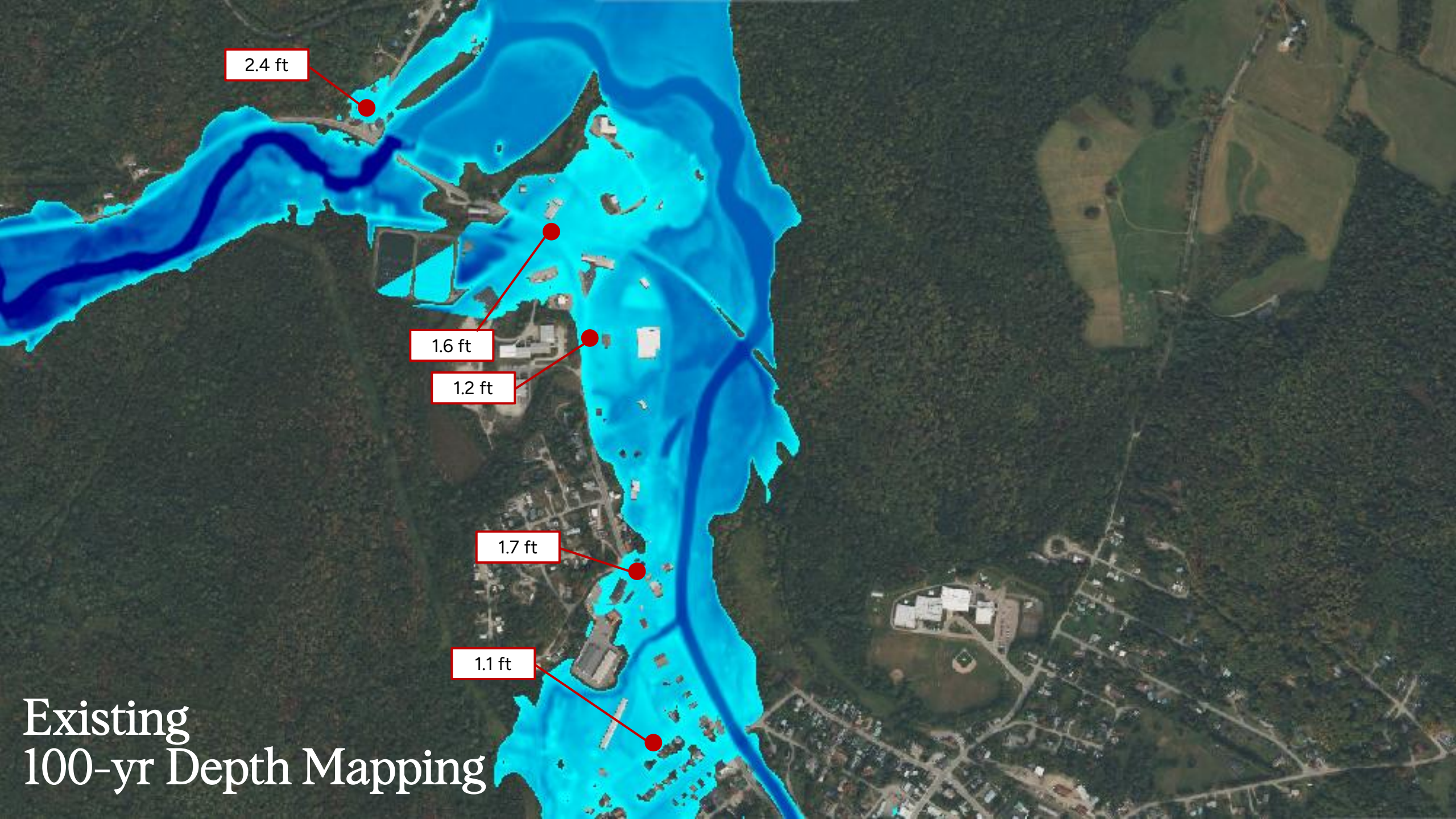




# Results – Lamoille River Profile







2.4 ft

1.6 ft

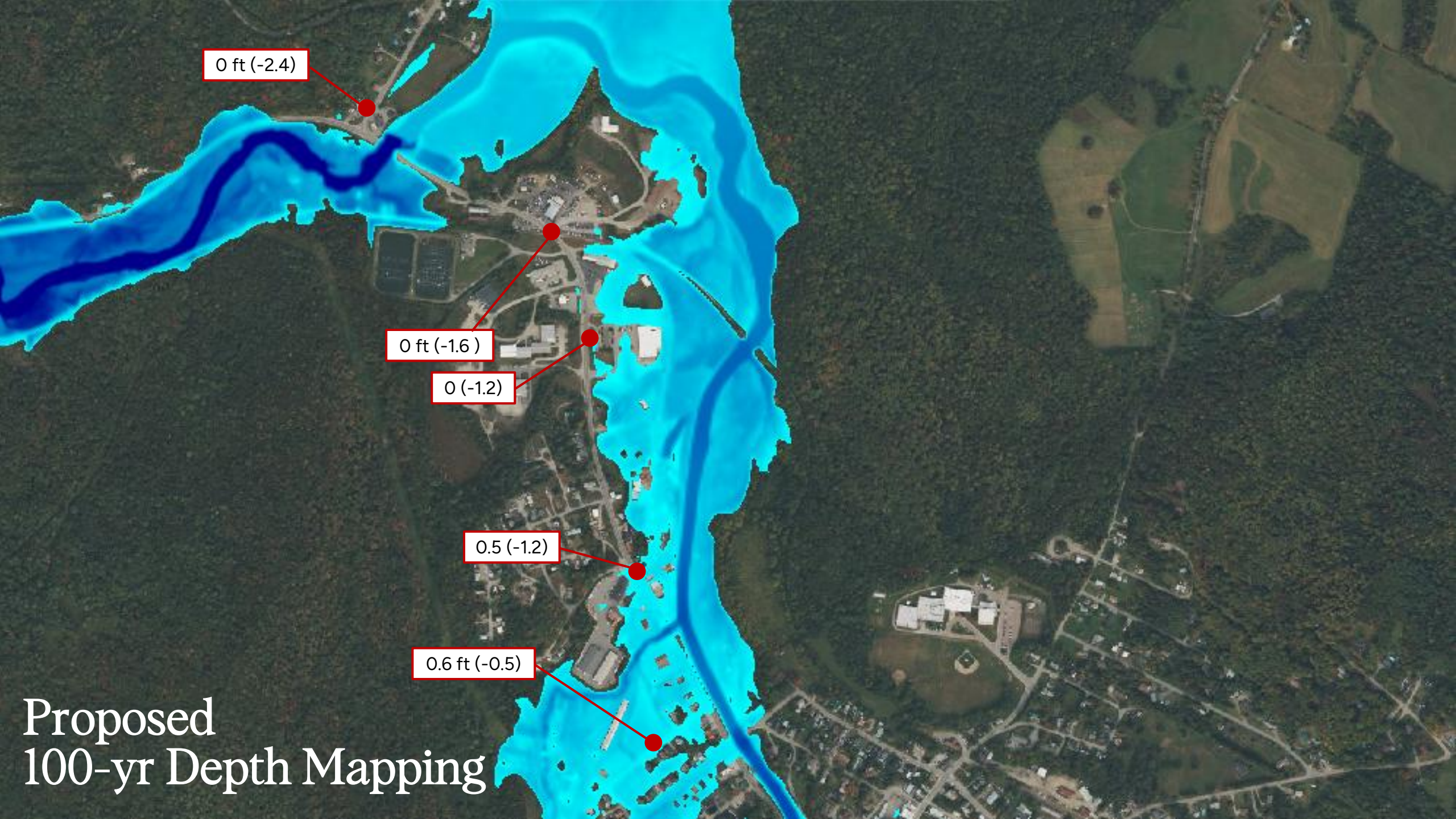
1.2 ft

1.7 ft

1.1 ft

Existing  
100-yr Depth Mapping





0 ft (-2.4)

0 ft (-1.6)

0 (-1.2)

0.5 (-1.2)

0.6 ft (-0.5)

Proposed  
100-yr Depth Mapping



# Questions?







# Extra Slides

(Civil Air Patrol, 7/12/2023)



# Town Line Floodplain

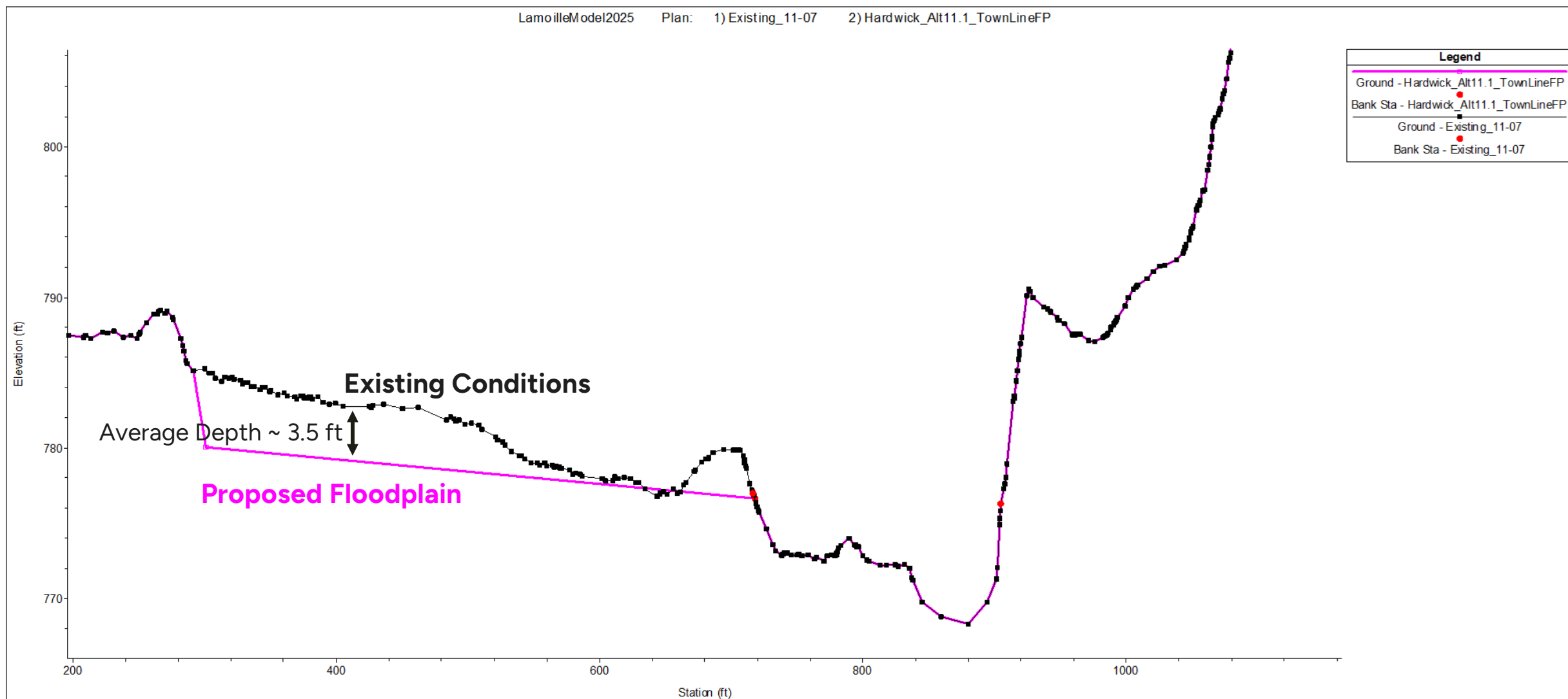


- Floodplain restoration (~10 ac)



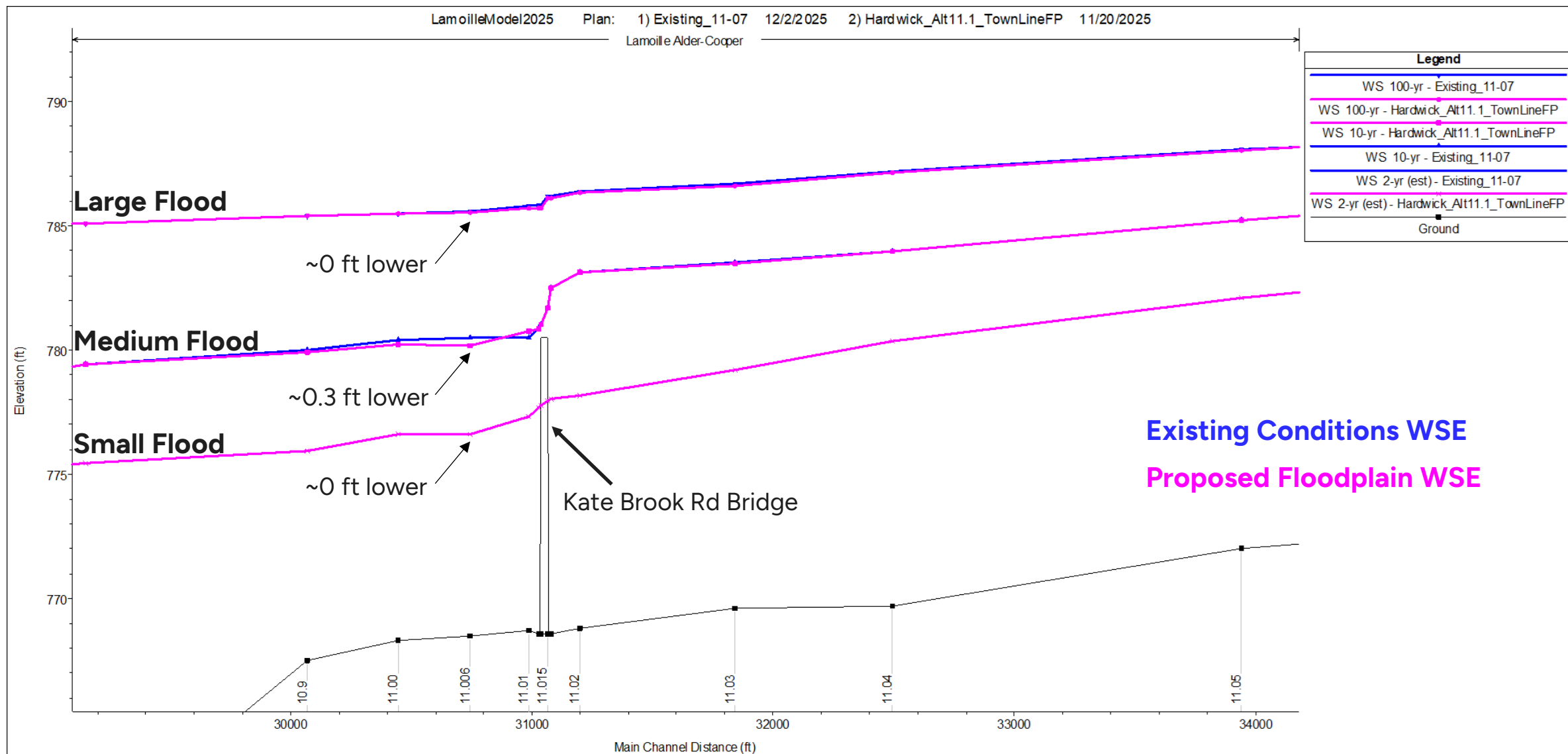


# Cross Section View – Existing and Proposed





# Results – Lamoille Profile

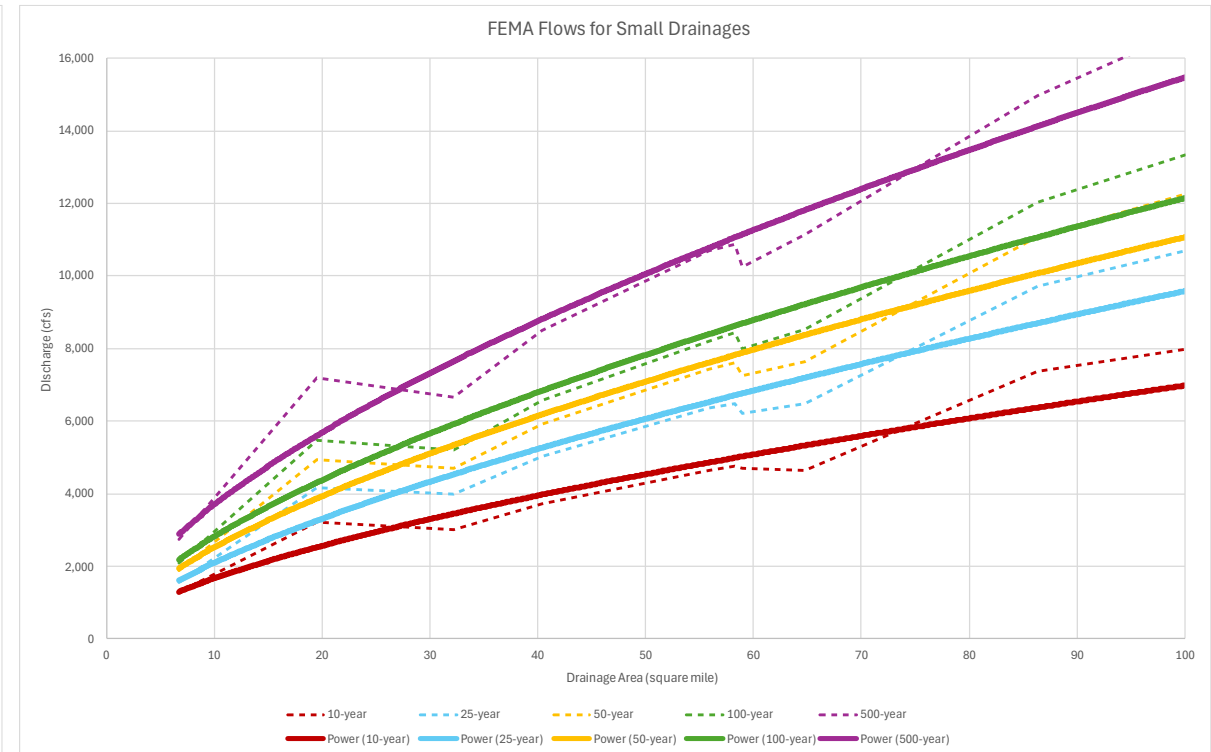
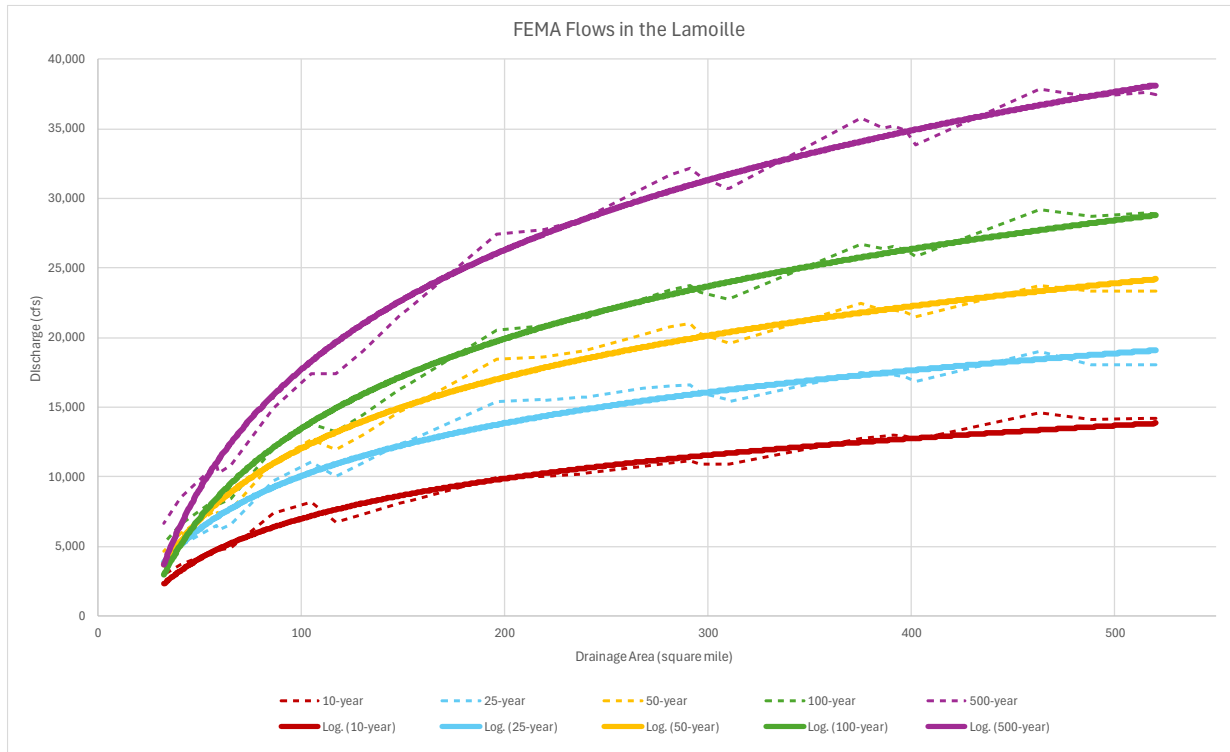






# Flood Flows

- The FEMA hydrologic study was limited to the mainstem of the Lamoille and a few tributaries
- Flows were estimated in areas without FEMA flows
  - FEMA flow trend lines
  - Scaled flows by drainage area

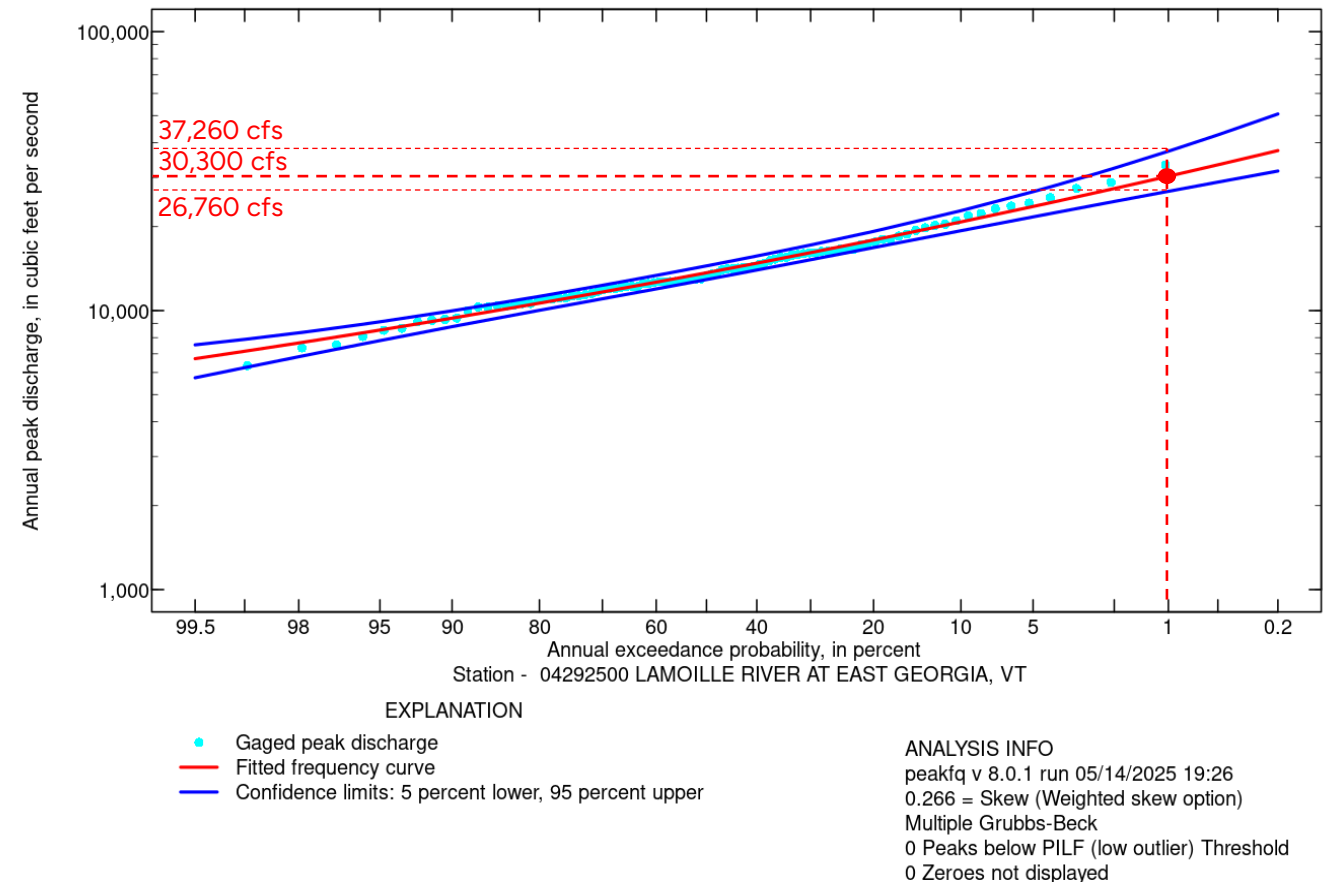






# What is the 100-Year Flood?

- The 100-year flood has a 1% chance of being equaled or exceeded in any 1-year.
- The 100-year flood has an average recurrence interval of 100 years.
- Chosen in the 1960's as the basis for the National Flood Insurance Program.
- The 1-percent annual exceedance probability (AEP) was "thought to be a fair balance between protecting the public and overly stringent regulation."

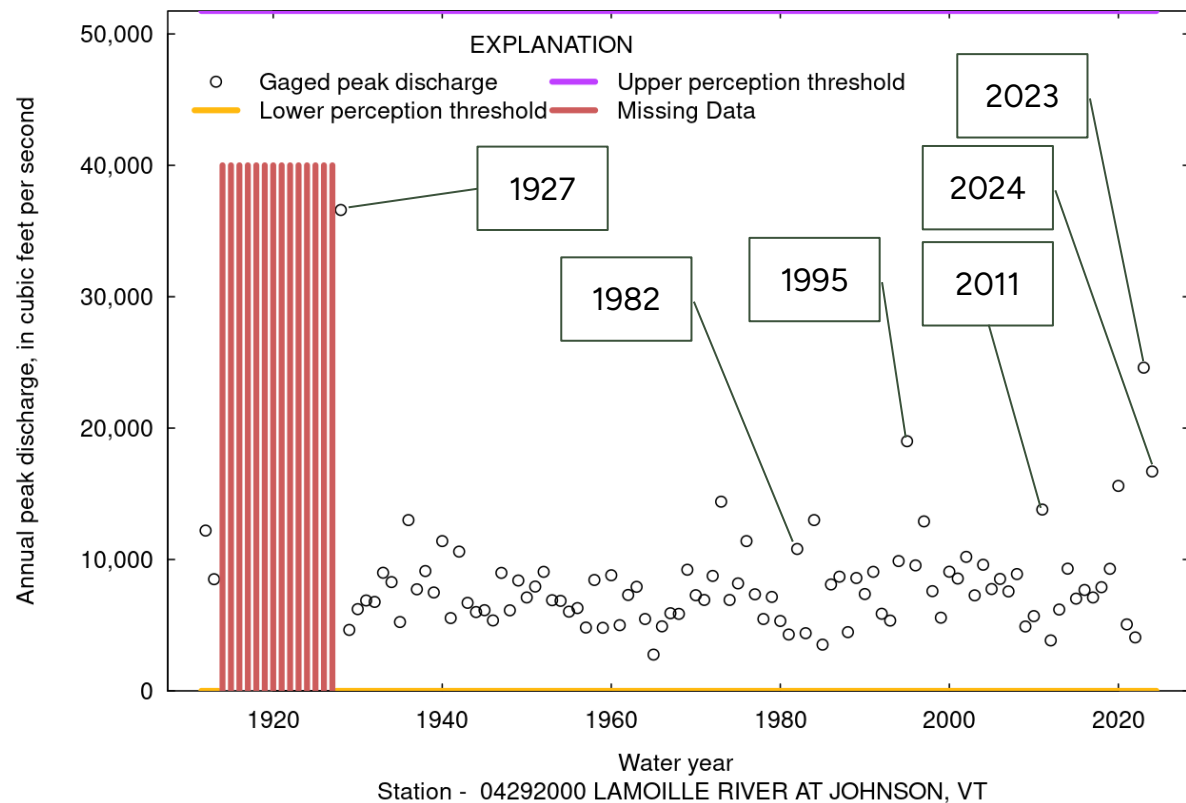




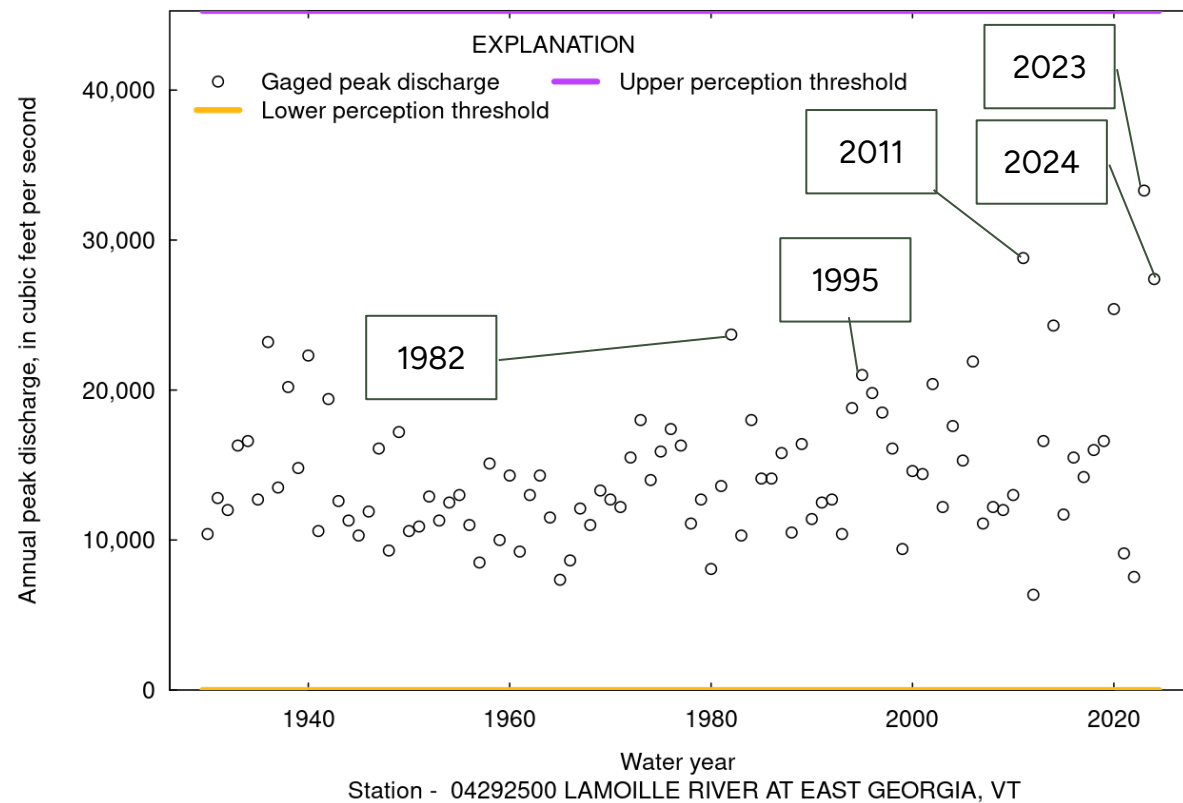


# Hydrology

User Input Peak-Discharge Data



User Input Peak-Discharge Data

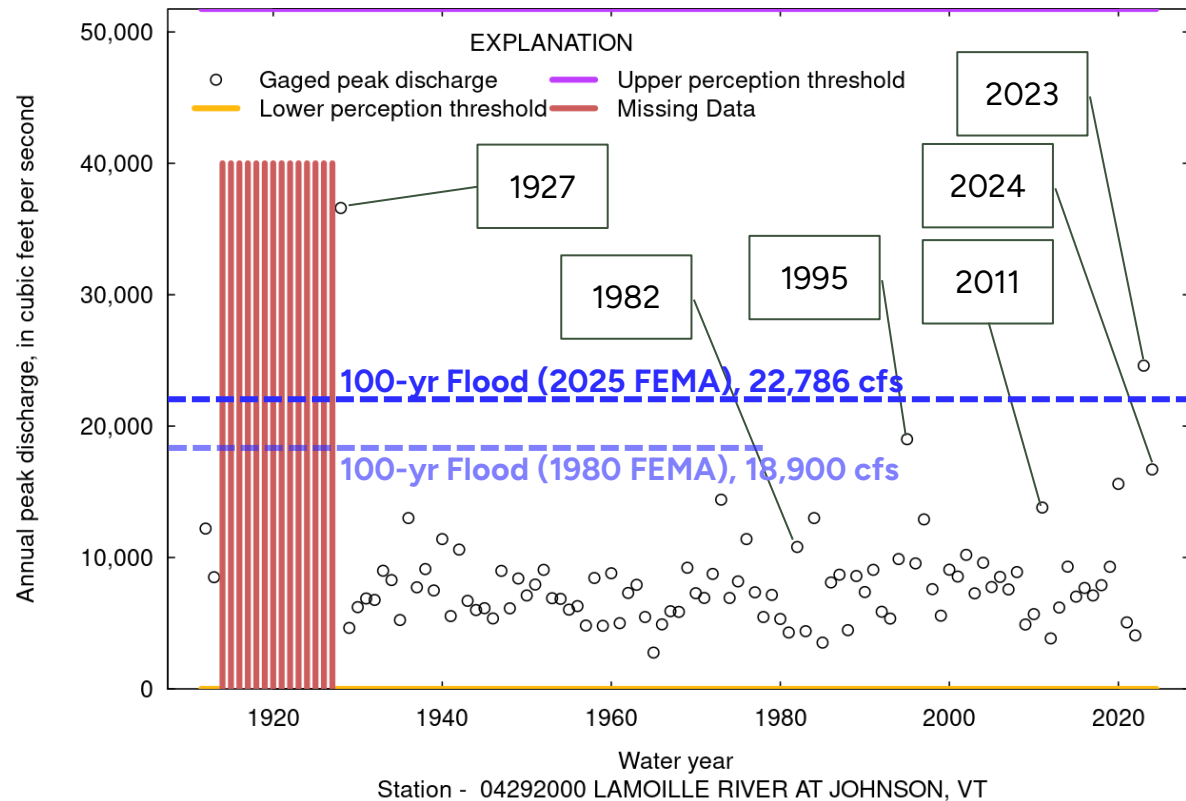






# Hydrology

User Input Peak-Discharge Data



User Input Peak-Discharge Data

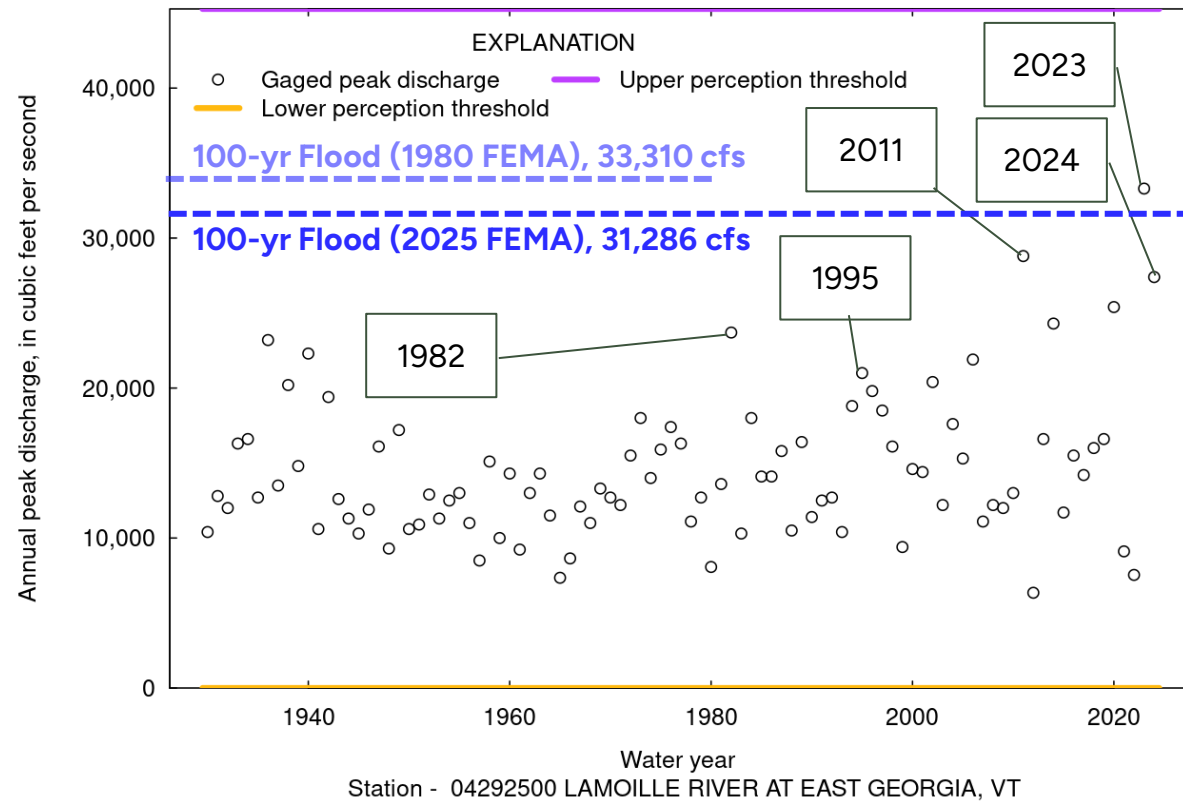






Table 1: Flood Flows at USGS  
Gage 04292000 in Johnson

Recurrence Interval (years)	Updated 2025 FEMA Flows (cfs)	1980 FEMA FIS Flows (cfs)
10	10,890	10,800
25	15,430	n/a
50	19,546	16,050
100	22,786	18,900
500	30,717	27,200

Table 2: Flood Flows at USGS  
Gage 04292500 in East Georgia

Recurrence Interval (years)	Updated 2025 FEMA Flows (cfs)	1980 FEMA FIS Flows (cfs)
10	14,956	19,100
25	20,553	n/a
50	26,168	28,300
100	31,286	33,310
500	41,448	48,330

# Flood Flows

- Used draft updated FEMA flood flows (July 2025).
- Flows were estimated in areas without FEMA flows
  - FEMA flow trend lines
  - Scaled flows by drainage area





# What is the 100-Year Flood?

- The 100-year flood has a 1% chance of being equaled or exceeded in any 1-year.
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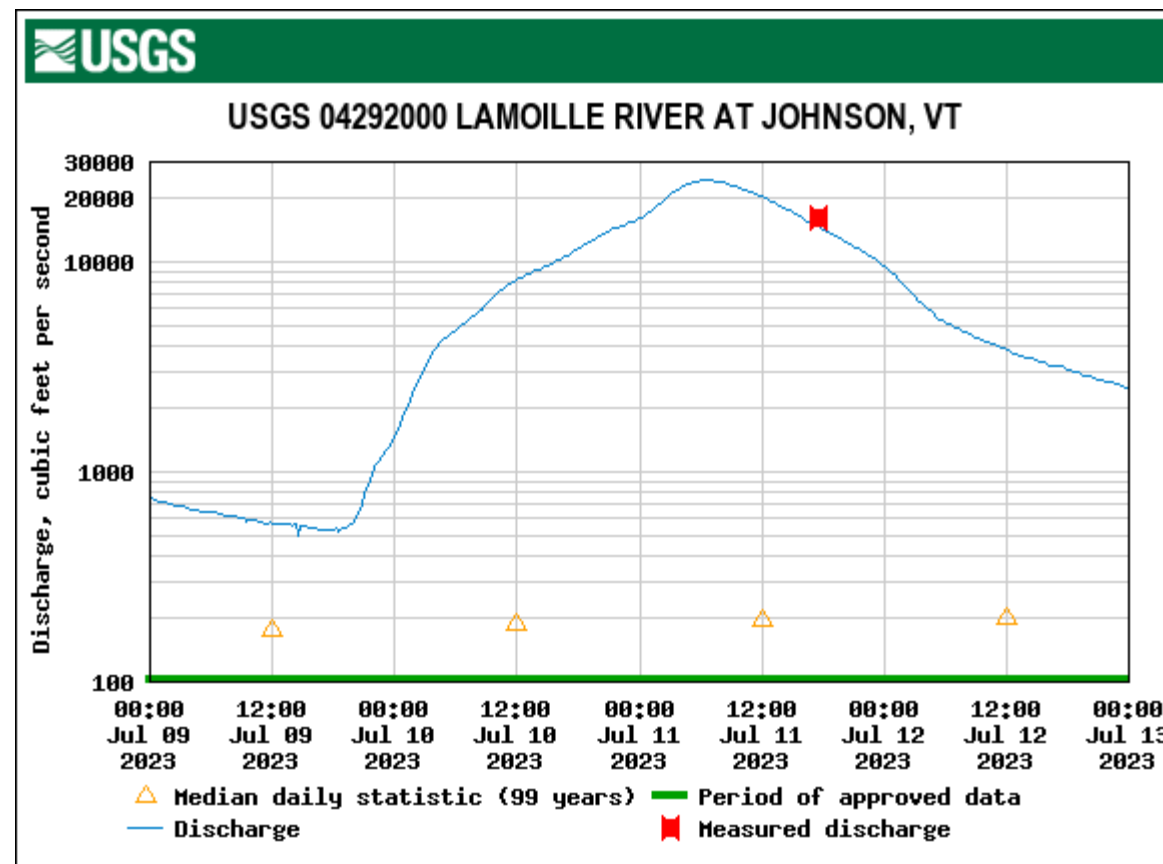
Recurrence Interval (years)	Annual Exceedance Probability
2	50%
10	10%
25	4%
50	2%
100	1%
500	0.2%





# Hydrology

- **How much water is in the river?**
  - Rainfall Amount, Duration, and Intensity
  - Topography
  - Land Cover
  - Soil Moisture
  - Etc.
- **Calculating Flood Flows**
  - Gauge Analysis
  - Rainfall-Runoff Modeling
  - Regional Regression





# Greenway Trail Bridge Replacement– Jeffersonville



## Removed constriction

- An undersized bridge and unused abutments were removed
- Larger bridge installed
- Opened up floodplain under bridge





# Dog River Floodplain Restoration – Northfield



## Removing buildings, people, & infrastructure from vulnerable locations

- Remove 7 damaged homes
- Remove 9,000 CY fill in floodplain & lower land average 4 feet over 3 acres
- Remove berm
- Plant restored floodplain with native vegetation





# Route 15 Bypass Culverts – Cambridge



## Provide additional capacity under highway embankment

- Large culvert installed under road
- Floodwater trapped behind road embankment can flow out of village
- Road overtops less
- Buildings flooded less

